# **AEP Generating Company**

2014 Third Quarter Report

**Financial Statements** 



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### **GLOSSARY OF TERMS**

When the following terms and abbreviations appear in the text of this report, they have the meanings indicated below.

Term	Meaning			
AEGCo	AEP Generating Company, an AEP electric utility subsidiary.			
AEP or Parent	American Electric Power Company, Inc., an electric utility holding company.			
AEP System	American Electric Power System, an electric system, owned and operated by AEP subsidiaries.			
AEPSC	American Electric Power Service Corporation, an AEP service subsidiary providing management and professional services to AEP and its subsidiaries.			
ASU	Accounting Standards Update.			
FASB	Financial Accounting Standards Board.			
FERC	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.			
GAAP	Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America.			
I&M	Indiana Michigan Power Company, an AEP electric utility subsidiary.			
IRS	Internal Revenue Service.			
MW	Megawatt.			
OPEB	Other Postretirement Benefit Plans.			
Rockport Plant	A generation plant, consisting of two 1,310 MW coal-fired generating units near Rockport, Indiana. AEGCo and I&M jointly-own Unit 1. In 1989, AEGCo and I&M entered into a sale-and-leaseback transaction with Wilmington Trust Company, an unrelated, unconsolidated trustee for Rockport Plant, Unit 2.			
UMWA	United Mine Workers of America.			
Utility Money Pool	Centralized funding mechanism AEP uses to meet the short-term cash requirements of certain utility subsidiaries.			
VIE	Variable Interest Entity.			

# AEP GENERATING COMPANY CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

# For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 (in thousands) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,				
		2014		2013		2014	_	2013
REVENUES	•11							
Sales to AEP Affiliates	\$	127,475	\$	131,704	\$	431,555	\$	361,933
Other Revenues – Affiliated		4,749		4,840		18,161		4,840
Other Revenues – Nonaffiliated		1,500		885		4,289		990
TOTAL REVENUES	_	133,724		137,429		454,005		367,763
EXPENSES								
Fuel and Other Consumables Used for Electric Generation	_1	71,046		76,968		251,302		194,763
Rent – Rockport Plant, Unit 2		17,070		17,070		51,212		51,212
Other Operation		12,864		11,495		45,708		24,036
Maintenance		4,838		7,605		23,948		27,545
Depreciation and Amortization		10,554		10,374		31,523		29,733
Taxes Other Than Income Taxes		1,197		1,266		3,298		3,324
TOTAL EXPENSES		117,569		124,778		406,991		330,613
OPERATING INCOME		16,155		12,651		47,014		37,150
Other Income (Expense):								
Other Income		251		69		581		379
Interest Expense	_	(3,546)		(3,399)		(9,480)		(9,924)
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE		12,860		9,321		38,115		27,605
Income Tax Expense		6,203		2,907		17,724		8,853
NET INCOME	\$	6,657	\$	6,414	\$	20,391	\$	18,752

The common stock of AEGCo is wholly-owned by AEP.

# AEP GENERATING COMPANY CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

## For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

(in thousands) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,				
		2014	2013		2014		2013	
Net Income	\$	6,657	\$	6,414	\$	20,391	\$	18,752
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, NET OF TAXES								
Amortization of Pension and OPEB Deferred Costs, Net of Tax of								
\$0 and \$152 for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 and								
2013, Respectively, and \$0 and \$152 for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, Respectively				283		_		283
September 30, 2014 and 2013, Respectively								203
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$	6,657	\$	6,697	\$	20,391	\$	19,035

# AEP GENERATING COMPANY CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN COMMON SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

(in thousands) (Unaudited)

	 ommon Stock	Paid-in Capital	Retained arnings	Co	ccumulated Other mprehensive come (Loss)	Total
TOTAL COMMON SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY - DECEMBER 31, 2012	\$ 1,000	\$ 238,184	\$ 12,466	\$	_	\$ 251,650
Contribution of Cook Coal Terminal from Parent Common Stock Dividends Net Income Other Comprehensive Income		22,303	(19,000) 18,752		(19,652) 283	2,651 (19,000) 18,752 283
TOTAL COMMON SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY - SEPTEMBER 30, 2013	\$ 1,000	\$ 260,487	\$ 12,218	\$	(19,369)	\$ 254,336
TOTAL COMMON SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY - DECEMBER 31, 2013	\$ 1,000	\$ 260,487	\$ 7,527	\$	_	\$ 269,014
Common Stock Dividends Net Income TOTAL COMMON SHAREHOLDER'S	 		(11,000) 20,391			(11,000) 20,391
EQUITY - SEPTEMBER 30, 2014	\$ 1,000	\$ 260,487	\$ 16,918	\$		\$ 278,405

# AEP GENERATING COMPANY CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

#### **ASSETS**

# September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 (in thousands) (Unaudited)

	September 30, 2014		December 31, 2013		
CURRENT ASSETS					
Accounts Receivable:	•				
Customers	\$	2,418	\$	1,378	
Affiliated Companies		43,945		54,960	
Miscellaneous		61		105	
Total Accounts Receivable		46,424		56,443	
Fuel		26,255		27,334	
Materials and Supplies		23,574		24,535	
Prepayments and Other Current Assets		4,382		2,043	
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		100,635		110,355	
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT Electric:					
		1 527 057		1 520 240	
Generation Transmission		1,537,957		1,529,249	
		9,688		9,688	
Other Property, Plant and Equipment		37,625		39,328	
Construction Work in Progress		104,856		57,216	
Total Property, Plant and Equipment		1,690,126		1,635,481	
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization		1,009,783		981,176	
TOTAL PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT – NET		680,343		654,305	
OTHER NONCURRENT ASSETS					
Regulatory Assets	_'	64,188		71,190	
Deferred Charges and Other Noncurrent Assets		4,063		11,554	
TOTAL OTHER NONCURRENT ASSETS		68,251		82,744	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	849,229	\$	847,404	

# AEP GENERATING COMPANY CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

### LIABILITIES AND COMMON SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY

September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

	September 30, 2014		December 31, 2013			
CURRENT LIABILITIES	_	(in tho	usands)			
Advances from Affiliates	\$	5,501	\$	28,584		
Accounts Payable:						
General		10,226		11,039		
Affiliated Companies		26,645		23,721		
Long-term Debt Due Within One Year – Nonaffiliated		52,273		52,273		
Accrued Taxes		16,419		9,710		
Accrued Rent – Rockport Plant, Unit 2		23,427		4,963		
Other Current Liabilities		6,036		7,354		
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		140,527		137,644		
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES						
Long-term Debt – Nonaffiliated	_	160,000		167,273		
Deferred Income Taxes		83,699		88,311		
Regulatory Liabilities and Deferred Investment Tax Credits		44,808		45,125		
Deferred Gain on Sale-and-Leaseback – Rockport Plant, Unit 2		45,588		49,766		
UMWA Pension Withdrawal Liability		40,186		39,251		
Deferred Credits and Other Noncurrent Liabilities		56,016		51,020		
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		430,297		440,746		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		570,824	-	578,390		
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 4)						
COMMON SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY	_					
Common Stock – Par Value – \$1,000 Per Share: Authorized – 1,000 Shares	_					
Outstanding – 1,000 Shares		1,000		1,000		
Paid-in Capital		260,487		260,487		
Retained Earnings		16,918		7,527		
TOTAL COMMON SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY		278,405		269,014		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND COMMON SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY	\$	849,229	\$	847,404		

# AEP GENERATING COMPANY CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

## For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 and 2013

(in thousands) (Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ende 2014			ed September 30, 2013		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Net Income	\$	20,391	\$	18,752		
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Flows from Operating						
Activities:						
Depreciation and Amortization		31,523		29,733		
Deferred Income Taxes		(207)		8,300		
Amortization of Deferred Gain on Sale-and-Leaseback – Rockport Plant, Unit 2		(4,178)		(4,178)		
Allowance for Equity Funds Used During Construction		(541)		(159)		
Change in Other Noncurrent Assets		1,471		(790)		
Change in Other Noncurrent Liabilities		5,526		(85)		
Changes in Certain Components of Working Capital:						
Accounts Receivable		10,019		9,352		
Fuel, Materials and Supplies		2,040		(12,853)		
Accounts Payable		2,529		(8,999)		
Accrued Taxes, Net		5,986		3,661		
Accrued Interest		(2,777)		(2,894)		
Accrued Rent – Rockport Plant, Unit 2		18,464		18,464		
Other Current Assets		(1,359)		744		
Other Current Liabilities		1,305		(2,048)		
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities		90,192		57,000		
The Cash Flows from Operating Activities		70,172		37,000		
INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Construction Expenditures		(47,955)		(46,973)		
Proceeds from Sales of Assets		73		349		
Other Investing Activities		(2)				
Net Cash Flows Used for Investing Activities		(47,884)		(46,624)		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Change in Advances from Affiliates, Net		(23,083)		14,812		
Retirement of Long-term Debt – Nonaffiliated		(7,273)		(7,273)		
Principal Payments for Capital Lease Obligations		(953)		(455)		
Dividends Paid on Common Stock		(11,000)		(19,000)		
Other Financing Activities		1		1,540		
Net Cash Flows Used for Financing Activities		(42,308)		(10,376)		
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents						
ě i				_		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period	Φ.		•			
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$		2			
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION						
Cash Paid for Interest, Net of Capitalized Amounts	\$	11,492	\$	12,155		
Net Cash Paid (Received) for Income Taxes		10,473		(1,686)		
Noncash Acquisitions Under Capital Leases		713		1,688		
Construction Expenditures Included in Current Liabilities as of September 30,		136		663		
Noncash Contribution of Cook Coal Terminal from Parent		_		22,303		

### INDEX OF CONDENSED NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING MATTERS

#### General

The unaudited condensed financial statements and footnotes were prepared in accordance with GAAP for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete annual financial statements.

In the opinion of management, the unaudited condensed interim financial statements reflect all normal and recurring accruals and adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the net income, financial position and cash flows for the interim periods. Net income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 is not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2014. The condensed financial statements are unaudited and should be read in conjunction with the audited 2013 financial statements and notes thereto, which are included in AEGCo's 2013 Annual Report.

Management reviewed subsequent events through October 23, 2014, the date that the third quarter 2014 report was issued.

#### 2. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Upon issuance of final pronouncements, management reviews the new accounting literature to determine its relevance, if any, to AEGCo's business. The following final pronouncements will impact the financial statements.

#### ASU 2014-08 "Presentation of Financial Statements and Property, Plant and Equipment" (ASU 2014-08)

In April 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-08 changing the presentation of discontinued operations on the statements of income and other requirements for reporting discontinued operations. Under the new standard, a disposal of a component or a group of components of an entity is required to be reported in discontinued operations if the disposal represents a strategic shift that has (or will have) a major effect on an entity's operations and financial results when the component meets the criteria to be classified as held-for-sale or is disposed. The amendments in this update also require additional disclosures about discontinued operations and disposal of an individually significant component of an entity that does not qualify for discontinued operations. This standard must be prospectively applied to all reporting periods presented in financial reports issued after the effective date. Early adoption is permitted for disposals that have not been reported in financial statements previously issued or available for issuance.

The new accounting guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014 with early adoption permitted. If applicable, this standard will change the presentation of financial statements but will not affect the calculation of net income, comprehensive income or earnings per share.

#### ASU 2014-09 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (ASU 2014-09)

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09 clarifying the method used to determine the timing and requirements for revenue recognition on the statements of income. Under the new standard, an entity must identify the performance obligations in a contract, the transaction price and allocate the price to specific performance obligations to recognize the revenue when the obligation is completed. The amendments in this update also require disclosure of sufficient information to allow users to understand the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flow arising from contracts. This standard must be retrospectively applied to all reporting periods presented in financial reports issued after the effective date.

The new accounting guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. Early adoption is not permitted. As applicable, this standard may change the amount of revenue recognized in the income statements in each reporting period. Management is analyzing the impact of this new standard and, at this time, cannot estimate the impact of adoption on revenue or net income. Management plans to adopt ASU 2014-09 effective January 1, 2017.

#### 3. **COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

#### Presentation of Comprehensive Income

The following tables provide the components of changes in AOCI for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013. All amounts in the following tables are presented net of related income taxes.

#### Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) by Component For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2013

	Pension and OPEB	
	(in th	nousands)
Balance in AOCI as of June 30, 2013	\$	
Contribution of Cook Coal Terminal from Parent		(19,652)
Change in Fair Value Recognized in AOCI		
Amounts Reclassified from AOCI		283
Net Current Period Other Comprehensive Income		283
Balance in AOCI as of September 30, 2013	\$	(19,369)

#### Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) by Component For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013

	Pension and OPEB	
	(in t	housands)
Balance in AOCI as of December 31, 2012	\$	
Contribution of Cook Coal Terminal from Parent		(19,652)
Change in Fair Value Recognized in AOCI		
Amounts Reclassified from AOCI		283
Net Current Period Other Comprehensive Income		283
Balance in AOCI as of September 30, 2013	\$	(19,369)

#### Reclassifications from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The following tables provides details of reclassifications from AOCI for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013.

#### Reclassifications from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2013

Amount of

	AIII	ount or		
	(Gain) Loss			
	Recla	assified		
	from	AOCI		
<b>Amortization of Pension and OPEB</b>	(in the	ousands)		
Prior Service Cost (Credit)	\$	(17)		
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses		452		
Reclassifications from AOCI, before Income Tax (Expense) Credit		435		
Income Tax (Expense) Credit		152		
Reclassifications from AOCI, Net of Income Tax (Expense) Credit	\$	283		

## Reclassifications from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013

	Amo	ount of
	(Gain) Loss	
	Reclassified from AOCI	
Amortization of Pension and OPEB	(in the	ousands)
Prior Service Cost (Credit)	\$	(17)
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses		452
Reclassifications from AOCI, before Income Tax (Expense) Credit		435
Income Tax (Expense) Credit		152
Reclassifications from AOCI, Net of Income Tax (Expense) Credit	\$	283

#### 4. COMMITMENTS, GUARANTEES AND CONTINGENCIES

AEGCo is subject to certain claims and legal actions arising in its ordinary course of business. In addition, AEGCo's business activities are subject to extensive governmental regulation related to public health and the environment. The ultimate outcome of such pending or potential litigation cannot be predicted. For current proceedings not specifically discussed below, management does not anticipate that the liabilities, if any, arising from such proceedings would have a material effect on the financial statements. The Commitments, Guarantees and Contingencies note within AEGCo's 2013 Annual Report should be read in conjunction with this report.

#### **GUARANTEES**

Liabilities for guarantees are recorded in accordance with the accounting guidance for "Guarantees." There is no collateral held in relation to any guarantees. In the event any guarantee is drawn, there is no recourse to third parties unless specified below.

#### Letters of Credit

AEGCo has \$45 million of variable rate Pollution Control Bonds supported by bilateral letters of credit for \$46 million. The letters of credit mature in July 2017.

#### Indemnifications and Other Guarantees

#### **Contracts**

AEGCo enters into certain types of contracts which require indemnifications. Typically these contracts include, but are not limited to, sale agreements, lease agreements, purchase agreements and financing agreements. Generally, these agreements may include, but are not limited to, indemnifications around certain tax, contractual and environmental matters. With respect to sale agreements, exposure generally does not exceed the sale price. As of September 30, 2014, there were no material liabilities recorded for any indemnifications.

#### Master Lease Agreements

AEGCo leases certain equipment under master lease agreements. Under the lease agreements, the lessor is guaranteed a residual value up to a stated percentage of either the unamortized balance or the equipment cost at the end of the lease term. If the actual fair value of the leased equipment is below the guaranteed residual value at the end of the lease term, AEGCo is committed to pay the difference between the actual fair value and the residual value guarantee. Historically, at the end of the lease term the fair value has been in excess of the unamortized balance. As of September 30, 2014, the maximum potential loss for these lease agreements was approximately \$17 thousand assuming the fair value of the equipment is zero at the end of the lease term.

#### **CONTINGENCIES**

#### Rockport Plant Litigation

In July 2013, the Wilmington Trust Company filed a complaint in U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York against AEGCo and I&M alleging that it will be unlawfully burdened by the terms of the modified New Source Review consent decree after the Rockport Plant, Unit 2 lease expiration in December 2022. The terms of the consent decree allow the installation of environmental emission control equipment, repowering or retirement of the unit. The plaintiff further alleges that the defendants' actions constitute breach of the lease and participation agreement. The plaintiff seeks a judgment declaring that the defendants breached the lease, must satisfy obligations related to installation of emission control equipment and indemnify the plaintiff. The New York court granted a motion to transfer this case to the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Ohio. AEGCo's and I&M's motion to dismiss, filed in October 2013, is pending. Management will continue to defend against the claims. Management is unable to determine a range of potential losses that are reasonably possible of occurring.

#### 5. BENEFIT PLANS

AEGCo participates in an AEP sponsored qualified pension plan. Substantially all of AEGCo's employees who are not UMWA members are covered by the qualified plan. AEGCo also participates in OPEB plans sponsored by AEP to provide health and life insurance benefits for retired employees.

### Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost

The following tables provide the components of AEGCo's net periodic benefit cost for the plans for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013:

	Pension Plan					Other Postretirement Benefit Plans			
	Thre	e Months End	ded	September 30,	Three Months Ended Septem			ptember 30,	
	2014			2013	:	2014	2013		
				(in tho	ısands)			_	
Service Cost	\$	19	\$	10	\$	315	\$	272	
Interest Cost		44		24		535		347	
Expected Return on Plan Assets		(55)		(38)		(394)		(18)	
Amortization of Prior Service Cost (Credit)		1				(17)		(11)	
Amortization of Net Actuarial Loss		24		22		281		280	
Net Periodic Benefit Cost	\$	33	\$	18	\$	720	\$	870	

	Pension Plan					Other Postretirement Benefit Plans			
	Nine	e Months End	led S	September 30,	Nir	ne Months End	ed S	eptember 30,	
		2014		2013 2014			2013		
		_		(in tho	usand	ls)			
Service Cost	\$	59	\$	10	\$	945	\$	272	
Interest Cost		131		24		1,604		347	
Expected Return on Plan Assets		(165)		(38)		(1,179)		(18)	
Amortization of Prior Service Cost (Credit)		1				(51)		(11)	
Amortization of Net Actuarial Loss		72		22		843		280	
Net Periodic Benefit Cost	\$	98	\$	18	\$	2,162	\$	870	

## 6. BUSINESS SEGMENTS

AEGCo has one reportable segment,	an electricity generation business.	AEGCo's other activities are insignificant.

#### 7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

#### Fair Value Hierarchy and Valuation Techniques

The accounting guidance for "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures" establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurement). Where observable inputs are available for substantially the full term of the asset or liability, the instrument is categorized in Level 2. When quoted market prices are not available, pricing may be completed using comparable securities, dealer values, operating data and general market conditions to determine fair value. Valuation models utilize various inputs such as commodity, interest rate and, to a lesser degree, volatility and credit that include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets, market corroborated inputs (i.e. inputs derived principally from, or correlated to, observable market data) and other observable inputs for the asset or liability.

#### Fair Value Measurements of Long-term Debt

The fair values of Long-term Debt are based on quoted market prices, without credit enhancements, for the same or similar issues and the current interest rates offered for instruments with similar maturities classified as Level 2 measurement inputs. These instruments are not marked-to-market. The estimates presented are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that could be realized in a current market exchange.

The book values and fair values of AEGCo's Long-term Debt as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 are summarized in the following table:

		Septembe	r 30,	2014		<b>December 31, 2013</b>			
	Bo	ok Value	Fa	air Value	Bo	ook Value	Fair Value		
				(in tho	usano	ds)			
Long-term Debt	\$	212,273	\$	258,479	\$	219,546	\$	237,906	

#### 8. INCOME TAXES

#### AEP System Tax Allocation Agreement

AEGCo joins in the filing of a consolidated federal income tax return with its affiliates in the AEP System. The allocation of the AEP System's current consolidated federal income tax to the AEP System companies allocates the benefit of current tax losses to the AEP System companies giving rise to such losses in determining their current tax expense. The tax benefit of the Parent is allocated to its subsidiaries with taxable income. With the exception of the loss of the Parent, the method of allocation reflects a separate return result for each company in the consolidated group.

#### Federal and State Income Tax Audit Status

The IRS examination of years 2009 and 2010 started in October 2011 and was completed in the second quarter of 2013. The IRS examination of years 2011 and 2012 started in April 2014. Although the outcome of tax audits is uncertain, in management's opinion, adequate provisions for federal income taxes have been made for potential liabilities resulting from such matters. In addition, AEGCo accrues interest on these uncertain tax positions. Management is not aware of any issues for open tax years that upon final resolution are expected to materially impact net income.

AEGCo and other AEP subsidiaries file income tax returns in various state and local jurisdictions. These taxing authorities routinely examine the tax returns. AEGCo and other AEP subsidiaries are currently under examination in several state and local jurisdictions. However, it is possible that previously filed tax returns have positions that may be challenged by these tax authorities. Management believes that adequate provisions for income taxes have been made for potential liabilities resulting from such challenges and that the ultimate resolution of these audits will not materially impact net income. AEGCo is no longer subject to state or local income tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2009.

#### 9. FINANCING ACTIVITIES

#### Long-term Debt

Long-term debt principal payments made during the first nine months of 2014 are shown in the table below:

	Pr	incipal	Interest	Due	•
Type of Debt	Amou	nt Paid (a)_	Rate	Date	e
	(in th	ousands)	(%)		
Senior Unsecured Notes	\$	7,273	6.33	2037	(a)

(a) AEGCo's Senior Unsecured Notes due in 2037 are payable over the life of the notes as a \$7.3 million annual principal amount plus accrued interest paid semiannually.

#### **Dividend Restrictions**

AEGCo pays dividends to Parent provided funds are legally available. Various financing arrangements and regulatory requirements may impose certain restrictions on the ability of AEGCo to transfer funds to Parent in the form of dividends.

#### Federal Power Act

The Federal Power Act prohibits AEGCo from participating "in the making or paying of any dividends of such public utility from any funds properly included in capital account." The term "capital account" is not defined in the Federal Power Act or its regulations. Management understands "capital account" to mean the book value of the common stock. This restriction does not limit the ability of AEGCo to pay dividends out of retained earnings.

#### Leverage Restrictions

Pursuant to the credit agreement leverage restrictions, AEGCo must maintain a percentage of debt to total capitalization at a level that does not exceed 67.5%.

#### Utility Money Pool - AEP System

The AEP System uses a corporate borrowing program to meet the short-term borrowing needs of AEP's subsidiaries. The corporate borrowing program includes a Utility Money Pool, which funds AEP's utility subsidiaries. The AEP System Utility Money Pool operates in accordance with the terms and conditions of the AEP System Utility Money Pool agreement filed with the FERC. The amounts of outstanding borrowings from the Utility Money Pool as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 are included in Advances from Affiliates on AEGCo's condensed balance sheets. AEGCo's Utility Money Pool activity and corresponding authorized borrowing limits for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 are described in the following table:

Ma	aximum	M	aximum	Average		Average		Bo	rrowings	Authorized		
Bor	rowings	]	Loans	<b>Borrowings</b>		Loans		from the Utility		<b>Short-Term</b>		
from	m the Utility to the Utility		he Utility	from the Utility		to the Utility		Money Pool as of		<b>Borrowing</b>		
Mo	Money Pool Money Pool		ney Pool	Money Pool		Money Pool		<b>September 30, 2014</b>		Limit		
(in thousands)												
\$	59,541	\$	26,099	\$	14,120	\$	9,871	\$	5,501	\$	200,000	

Maximum, minimum and average interest rates for funds either borrowed from or loaned to the Utility Money Pool for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 are summarized in the following table:

	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Average	Average	
	<b>Interest Rate</b>						
	for Funds						
Nine Months	Borrowed	<b>Borrowed</b>	Loaned	Loaned	<b>Borrowed</b>	Loaned	
Ended	from the Utility	from the Utility	to the Utility	to the Utility	from the Utility	to the Utility	
September 30,	<b>Money Pool</b>	Money Pool	<b>Money Pool</b>	<b>Money Pool</b>	<b>Money Pool</b>	<b>Money Pool</b>	
2014	0.33%	0.25%	0.33%	0.24%	0.28%	0.27%	
2013	0.43%	0.28%	0.38%	0.31%	0.32%	0.36%	

#### 10. VARIABLE INTEREST ENTITIES

The accounting guidance for "Variable Interest Entities" is a consolidation model that considers if a company has a controlling financial interest in a VIE. A controlling financial interest will have both (a) the power to direct the activities of a VIE that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance and (b) the obligation to absorb losses of the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE or the right to receive benefits from the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE. Entities are required to consolidate a VIE when it is determined that they have a controlling financial interest in a VIE and therefore, are the primary beneficiary of that VIE, as defined by the accounting guidance for "Variable Interest Entities." In determining whether AEGCo is the primary beneficiary of a VIE, management considers factors such as equity at risk, the amount of the VIE's variability AEGCo absorbs, guarantees of indebtedness, voting rights including kick-out rights, the power to direct the VIE, variable interests held by related parties and other factors. Management believes that significant assumptions and judgments were applied consistently. AEGCo is not the primary beneficiary of any VIE and has not provided financial or other support to any VIE that was not previously contractually required.

AEPSC provides certain managerial and professional services to AEP's subsidiaries. AEP is the sole equity owner of AEPSC. AEP management controls the activities of AEPSC. The costs of the services are based on a direct charge or on a prorated basis and billed to the AEP subsidiary companies at AEPSC's cost. AEP subsidiaries have not provided financial or other support outside the reimbursement of costs for services rendered. AEPSC finances its operations through cost reimbursement from other AEP subsidiaries. There are no other terms or arrangements between AEPSC and any of the AEP subsidiaries that could require additional financial support from an AEP subsidiary or expose them to losses outside of the normal course of business. AEPSC and its billings are subject to regulation by the FERC. AEP subsidiaries are exposed to losses to the extent they cannot recover the costs of AEPSC through their normal business operations. AEP subsidiaries are considered to have a significant interest in AEPSC due to their activity in AEPSC's cost reimbursement structure. However, AEP subsidiaries do not have control over AEPSC. AEPSC is consolidated by AEP. In the event AEPSC would require financing or other support outside the cost reimbursement billings, this financing would be provided by AEP. AEGCo's total billings from AEPSC for the three months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 were \$1.9 million and \$1.6 million, respectively, and for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 were \$7.2 million and \$5.6 million, respectively. The carrying amount of liabilities associated with AEPSC as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 was \$1 million and \$1 million, respectively. Management estimates the maximum exposure of loss to be equal to the amount of such liability.