

**Initial Safety Factor Assessment – Primary Ash Pond
Welsh Power Generating Station
Pittsburgh, Texas**

**Auckland Project No. 2015-008A (Revision No. 2)
January 14, 2016**

Prepared For:

American Electric Power Company
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Columbus, Ohio 43215

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Expires 2/29/2016

Table of Contents

1.0	INTRODUCTION AND EMBANKMENT INFORMATION	1
1.1	INTRODUCTION	1
1.2	REFERENCED INFORMATION AND DATA	1
1.3	EMBANKMENT EVALUATION CRITERIA.....	1
2.0	SLOPE STABILITY ANALYSES.....	2
2.1	GENERAL	2
2.2	LIQUEFACTION ASSESSMENT.....	3
2.3	EMBANKMENT AND FOUNDATION STRATIGRAPHY	4
2.4	SEEPAGE ANALYSIS PARAMETERS	5
2.5	STABILITY ANALYSIS RESULTS	5
3.0	REPORT LIMITATIONS.....	6
4.0	INITIAL STRUCTURAL STABILITY ASSESSMENT CERTIFICATION	6

Appendix

1.0 Introduction and Embankment Information

1.1 Introduction

The following report and evaluation provides the Initial Safety Factor Assessment of the Primary Ash Pond, an existing CCR impoundment (as defined by 40 CFR §257.2) located at the Welsh Power Station near Pittsburgh, Texas. In accordance with 40 CFR §257.73(e)(1)(i) through (iv) this initial assessment provides field and laboratory data, model outputs (detailing multiple stability conditions) and summary of safety factors for the Primary Ash Pond. In accordance with 40 CFR §257.73(e)(2) this report provides the Initial Safety Factor Assessment certification for the Primary Ash Pond.

1.2 Referenced Information and Data

Soils data, comprised of field and laboratory testing, utilized in the preparation of this assessment were completed by E TTL Engineers and Consultants, Inc. and documented in the report *Welsh Power Station, Existing Ash Storage Pond Embankment Investigation, Pittsburg, Texas* dated June 21, 2010. Based on a review of the provided field and laboratory data, it appears to be accurate and appropriate for use in the initial structural stability assessment of the Primary Ash Pond [40 CFR §257.73(e)(1)]. Furthermore, based on a recent site visit (October 2015), no modifications or elevation alterations have been made to the embankment since the referenced investigation. No additional field or laboratory activities were conducted. Soil data utilized in this evaluation is provided in the Appendix of this report.

The impoundment pool elevation data cited herein were provided in a separate hydrology and hydraulic (H&H) analysis report completed by Freese and Nichols titled *Hydraulic Analysis of Welsh Power Plant Ash Ponds* dated December 29, 2010 (not included herein). The referenced report generally meets the demonstration requirements of 40 CFR §257.82(a).

Embankment profile dimensions and elevations were determined by using existing information provided by the client. This information is also included in the Appendix of this report.

1.3 Embankment Evaluation Criteria

Based on information provided by the client, the existing embankment is constructed of lean clay (CL) and fat clay (CH) with existing side slopes (both up- and downstream) of approximately 2.5:1 (H:V), maximum embankment height of 35 feet (downstream) and top of dam elevation of 340.0 feet MSL. The crest width of the embankment is approximately 50 feet. An embankment cutoff key (key trench) extends below the core structure approximately five (5) feet and has an approximate bottom width of 20 feet.

The downstream toe of the Primary Ash Pond extends below the impounded water level of the adjacent Welsh Reservoir. Based on information provided by the client, the normal pool elevation for the Welsh Reservoir is approximately 320.0 feet (MSL). Reservoir levels are monitored and adjusted as needed to maintain a constant pool elevation of approximately 320.0 feet (MSL). Based on the active management and control of the Welsh Reservoir pool elevation, the downstream toe of the Primary Ash Pond should not be subject to sudden or rapid drawdown conditions, notwithstanding a catastrophic failure of or uncontrolled release from the Welsh Reservoir. Regardless, the sudden drawdown of the Welsh Reservoir along the downstream slope of the Primary Ash Pond is modeled herein (40 CFR §257.73(d)(1)(A)(3)(vii).

In accordance with 40 CFR §257.73(e)(1)(i) and (ii), the maximum storage pool elevation for the Primary Ash Pond as determined by the 25-year, 24-hour storm event is 329.35 feet (MSL). For the purposes of this evaluation, the maximum storage pool elevation of 330.0 feet (MSL) was utilized. Likewise the maximum (or flood) surcharge loading elevation as determined by the 100-year, 24-hour event is 330.80 feet (MSL), for this evaluation a maximum surcharge loading elevation of 331.0 feet (MSL) was utilized. Storage pool elevations were determined in accordance with 40 CFR §257.82(a).

2.0 Slope Stability Analyses

2.1 General

Soil parameters used for stability analyses of the existing embankment are based on findings of previous laboratory and field testing programs. The probable failure planes were analyzed using the analytical slope stability software, SLIDE by Rocscience, Inc. Methods of evaluation used in SLIDE are considered to be limited equilibrium methods of analysis, where each individual shear plane is evaluated to determine the resulting shear stress at the point of failure. For the purposes of this evaluation the Bishop Method of analysis, which analyzes circular failure planes through the slope was utilized.

Per 40 CFR §257.73(e)(1)(i) through (iii), four (4) modeled scenarios (presented below) were utilized to evaluate the stability of the existing embankment: steady state seepage (long term) condition under maximum storage pool, steady state seepage (long term) condition under maximum surcharge pool, steady state seepage condition with seismic loading under maximum storage pool conditions, and rapid drawdown (of the inundated downstream slope). The following minimum factors of safety (FS) and soil stress parameters were utilized in modeling. Minimum factors of safety are based on demonstration requirements provided in 40 CFR §257.73(e)(1) and guidance provided by the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE).

Summary of Embankment Condition and Factor of Safety		
Embankment Condition	Soil Parameters	Minimum Factor of Safety
Steady State Seepage – Maximum Pool	Effective Stress	1.50
Steady State Seepage – Surcharge Pool	Effective Stress	1.40
Steady State Seepage (Seismic) – Maximum Pool	Total Stress	1.00
Rapid Drawdown – Downstream Slope	Effective and Total Stress	1.20
NOTE: Minimum factors of safety based on demonstration requirements provided in 40 CFR §257.82 (e)(1). Minimum factor of safety for Rapid Drawdown based on guidance provided by the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE).		

For evaluation of steady state seepage (long term) conditions with seismic, peak ground acceleration for this location was obtained from the USGS National Seismic Hazard Mapping Project (<http://earthquake.usgs.gov/hazards>). Based on the seismic survey data, the anticipated site specific peak ground acceleration (PGA) of 0.06g (acceleration at rock sites) for two (2) percent probability of exceedance in 50 years (40 CFR Part 257, Preamble page 21384). Correcting for acceleration at soft soil sites (Seismic Site Classification D) yields an estimated PGA of 0.13g. The seismic coefficient (k) used for pseudo static analysis is determined by reducing the estimated PGA by 50% yielding a seismic coefficient of 0.065g.

2.2 Liquefaction Assessment

Liquefaction of soils occurs when horizontal shearing stresses exceed the strength of existing loose, saturated sand. This sudden loss of shear strength and subsequent soil structure is typically associated with earthquake-induced horizontal movement. Recent engineering publications¹ provide criteria to assess liquefaction potential of sands (little to no fines) and clayey soils of low plasticity (e.g. clayey sands, silts). These criteria indicate that water content of fine-grained or cohesive soils needs to be high ($\geq 0.85 \times \text{Liquid Limit [LL]}$), a clay fine content (defined as grains smaller than 0.002 mm) of less than 10 percent ($< 10\%$), and relatively low soil density (assessed in terms of SPT blow counts). In addition, the accepted minimum seismic threshold acceleration to cause liquefaction in loose sands is 0.10g, the anticipated site specific PGA for this site is 0.06g.

Native fine grained (or cohesive) material underlying the Primary Ash Pond generally consist of medium stiff to hard lean clay and fat clay (CL and CH) soils and coarse grained (or sandy) material consist of medium dense to very dense clayey sand (SC), silty sand (SM) and silty clayey sand (SC-SM) soils. Based on these soil characteristics and that the Primary Ash Pond is located in a zone of low peak ground acceleration (PGA), the risk of

¹ Seed, R.B., et al, Recent Advances in Soil Liquefaction Engineering: A Unified and Consistent Framework, 26th Annual ASCE Los Angeles Spring Seminar, April 2003

either embankment or underlying soils liquefying are negligible [40 CFR §257.73(e)(1)(iv)].

2.3 Embankment and Foundation Stratigraphy

The models developed for this evaluation are based on the existing embankment geometry, results of field and laboratory testing and hydrologic site information provided by the client. Selection of the critical slope section was based on both height and subsurface sensitivity to loading. The following tables provide a summary of soil parameters used for these analyses. Specific soil parameters used for each model are presented in the Appendix.

Summary of Long Term, Total Stress Soil Parameters:			
Material Type	Unit Weight (pcf)	Consolidated-Undrained Cohesion (psf)	Consolidated-Undrained Angle of Internal Friction (degrees)
Embankment Fill	125	570	12
Clayey Sand (SC)	130	360	10
Silty Sand (SM)	125	0	30
Fat Clay (CH)	130	320	19
NOTE: Properties used for Steady State Seepage with Seismic and Rapid Drawdown analyses.			

Summary of Long Term, Effective Stress Soil Parameters			
Material Type	Unit Weight (pcf)	Consolidated-Drained Cohesion (psf)	Consolidated-Drained Angle of Internal Friction (degrees)
Embankment Fill	125	310	23
Clayey Sand (SC)	130	320	15
Silty Sand (SM)	125	0	30
Fat Clay (CH)	130	300	28
NOTE: Properties used for Steady State Seepage and Rapid Drawdown analyses. Consolidated-drained conditions determined based on pore pressure measurements made during Consolidated-Undrained (CU) triaxial testing.			

2.4 Seepage Analysis Parameters

The analysis of embankment seepage is based on laboratory results and estimated values for permeability for various embankment and native foundation soils. These soil parameters were utilized in the models to establish a long term steady state condition and corresponding phreatic surface in the embankment. Hydraulic conductivity test results are provided in the Appendix. Hydraulic conductivity properties utilized in the seepage analysis are provided in the below table.

Hydraulic Conductivity of Embankment Soils	
Material Type	Permeability (ft/sec)
Embankment Fill	1×10^{-9}
Clayey Sand (SC)	1×10^{-7}
Silty Sand (SM)	1×10^{-5}
Fat Clay (CH)	1×10^{-8}

2.5 Stability Analysis Results

The following table provides the results of the stability analysis for each of the conditions cited herein, as required by 40 CFR §257.73(e)(1)(i) through (iii). The graphical representations of each analysis are included in the Appendix.

Summary of Stability Analyses – Safety Factors		
Modeled Condition	Factor of Safety	
	Actual	Minimum
Steady State Seepage – Maximum Pool	1.51	1.50
Steady State Seepage – Surcharge Pool	1.51	1.40
Steady State Seepage with Seismic – Maximum Pool	1.07	1.00
Rapid Drawdown – Downstream Slope	1.21	1.20

Based on the findings of this analysis, the evaluated embankment appears to be stable under the modeled conditions and demonstrate the minimum safety factors, as required by 40 CFR §257.73(e)(1)(i) through (iii).

3.0 Report Limitations

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of our client for the specific application to the project discussed and has been prepared in accordance with the generally accepted geotechnical engineering practices. No warranties, either express or implied, are intended or made. The analyses contained in the report are based on the data obtained from the referenced soil borings performed within the project site. This report does not reflect variations that may occur between borings or across the site. Soil borings do not necessarily reflect strata variations that may exist at other locations within the project site.

4.0 Initial Structural Stability Assessment Certification

By means of this certification, (i) I have reviewed the requirements of 40 CFR §257.73(e)(1) – *Periodic Safety Factor Assessments*, (ii) I or my agent has visited and examined the facility, (iii) the referenced data used in this evaluation to the best of my knowledge appears correct and appropriate for use, (iv) and this Initial Safety Factor Assessment for the Primary Ash Pond (Welsh Power Station) has been prepared to the best of my knowledge in accordance with §257.73(e)(1).

By:  _____

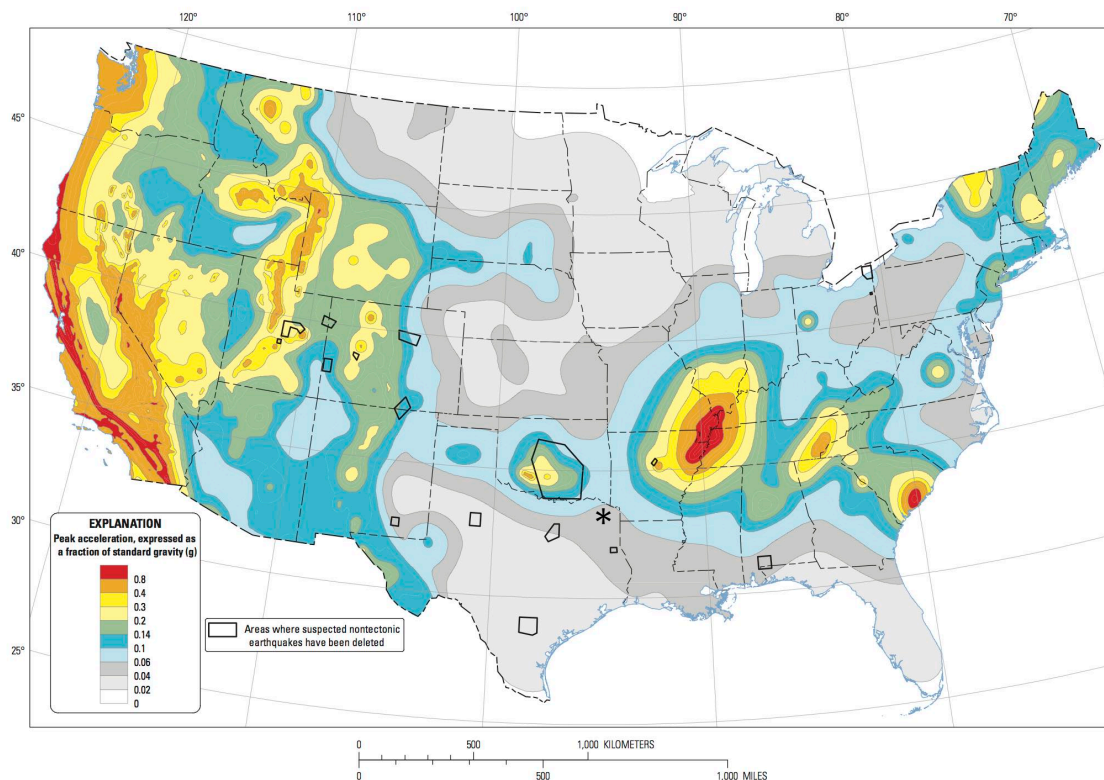
Dated: January 14, 2016



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Expires 2/29/2016

Appendix

**Stability Analyses
Reference Data**



Two-percent probability of exceedance in 50 years map of peak ground acceleration

* Approximate location of Welsh Power Generating Station

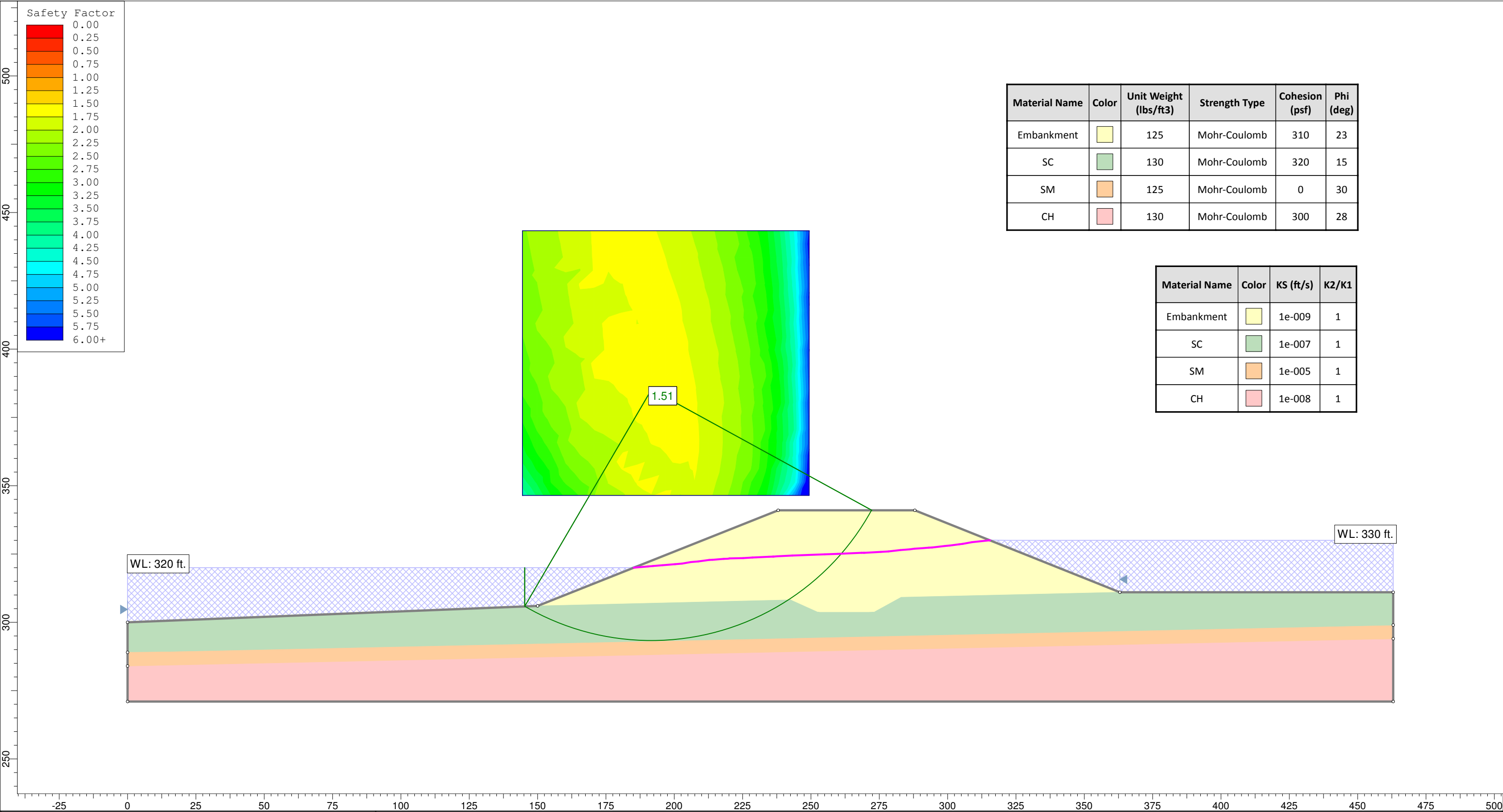
Provided by USGS National Seismic Hazard Mapping Project.

Seismic Probability Map

Scale: N/A

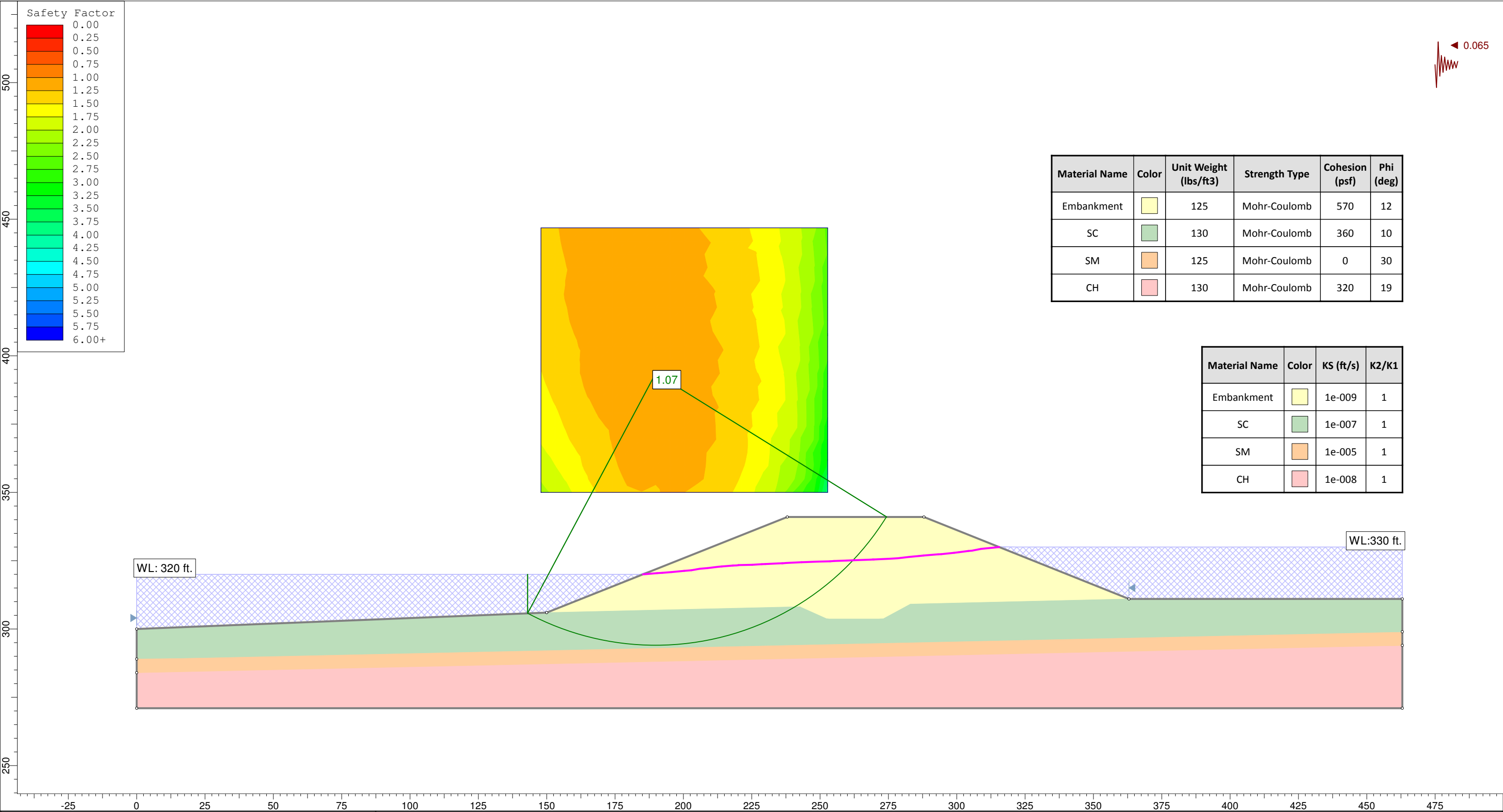
Auckland Project No. 2015-008A

**Welsh Power Generating Station
Initial Safety Factor Assessment - Primary Ash Pond
Pittsburgh, Texas**



<div><div>Auckland Consulting LLC</div><div>PO Box 8155</div><div>Jacksonville, Texas 75766</div></div>	Project	Welsh Power Station - Primary Ash Pond	
	Analysis Description	Maximum Storage Pool at Normal Reservior Pool	
	Drawn By	JJT	Company
	Date	12/2/2015	File Name

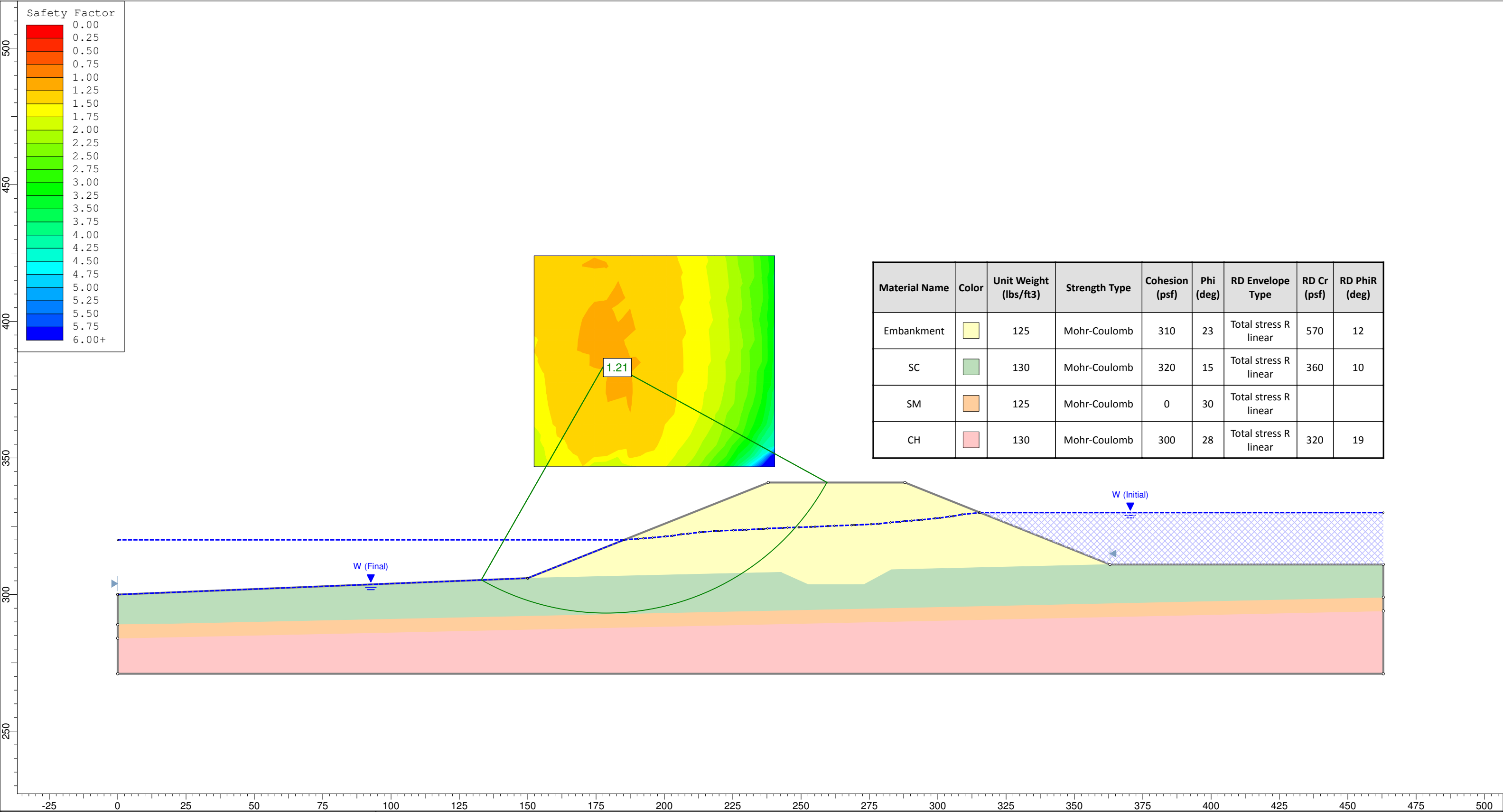
Primary_SSS_normal_25yr pool_Rev1.slim



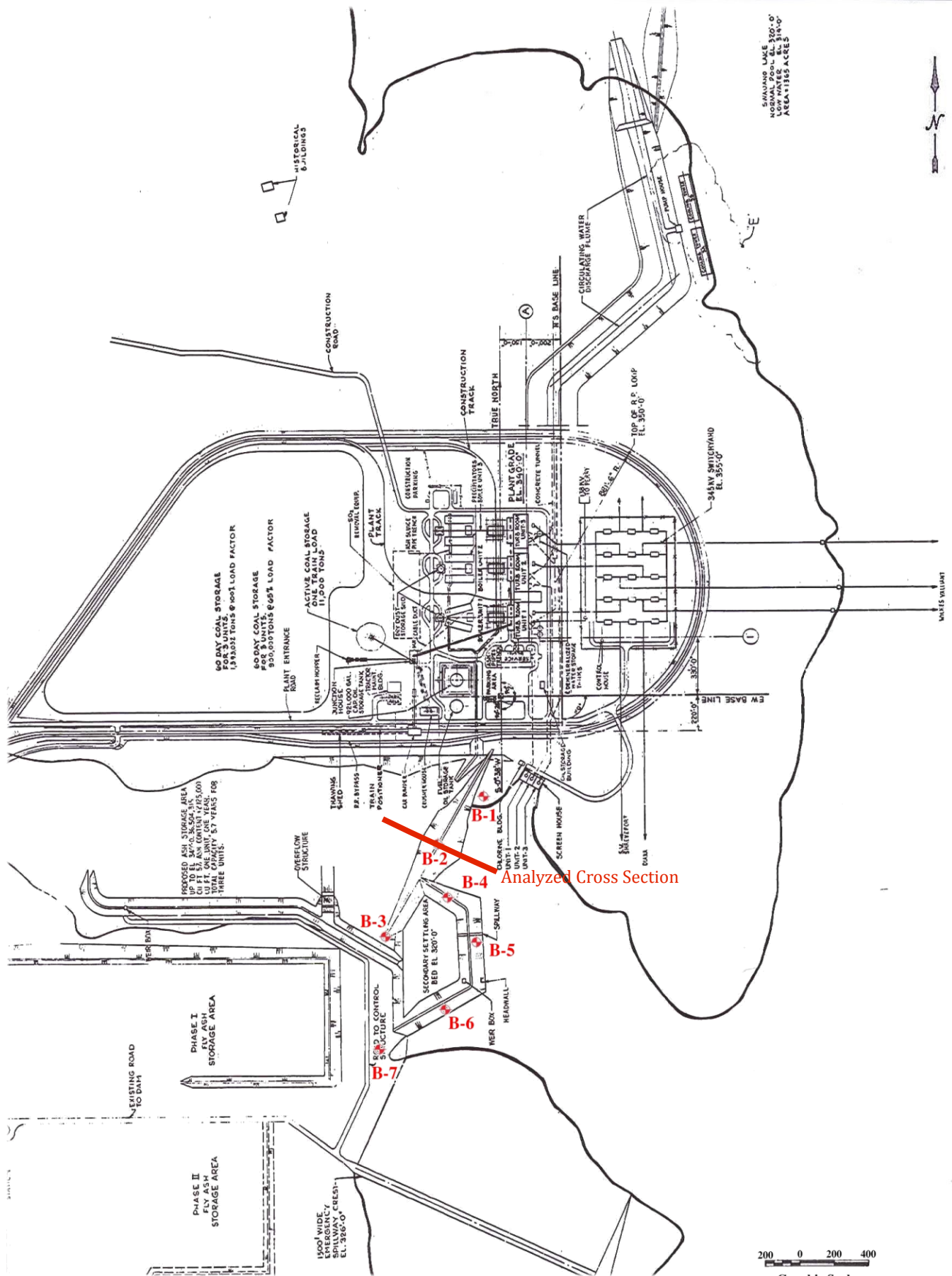
Material Name	Color	Unit Weight (lbs/ft3)	Strength Type	Cohesion (psf)	Phi (deg)
Embankment	<div></div>	125	Mohr-Coulomb	570	12
SC	<div></div>	130	Mohr-Coulomb	360	10
SM	<div></div>	125	Mohr-Coulomb	0	30
CH	<div></div>	130	Mohr-Coulomb	320	19

Material Name	Color	KS (ft/s)	K2/K1
Embankment	<div></div>	1e-009	1
SC	<div></div>	1e-007	1
SM	<div></div>	1e-005	1
CH	<div></div>	1e-008	1

<div>Auckland Consulting LLC</div> <div>PO Box 8155</div> <div>Jacksonville, Texas 75766</div>	Project		Welsh Power Station - Primary Ash Pond	
	Analysis Description		Maximum Storage Pool at Normal Reservoir Pool, Seismic Analysis	
	Drawn By		JJT	Company
	Date		12/23/2015	File Name
		Primary_SSS_seismic_25yr pool.slim		



<div><div>Auckland Consulting LLC</div><div>PO Box 8155</div><div>Jacksonville, Texas 75766</div></div>	Project	Welsh Power Station - Primary Ash Pond	
	Analysis Description	Maximum Storage Pool with Rapid Drawdown of Reservior Pool	
	Drawn By	JJT	Company
	Date	12/2/2015	File Name
			Primary_RD Res_normal_25yr pool.slim



200 0 200 400
Graphic Scale

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WELSH POWER PLANT
PITTSBURGH, TEXAS

PLATE 1 - PLAN OF BORINGS

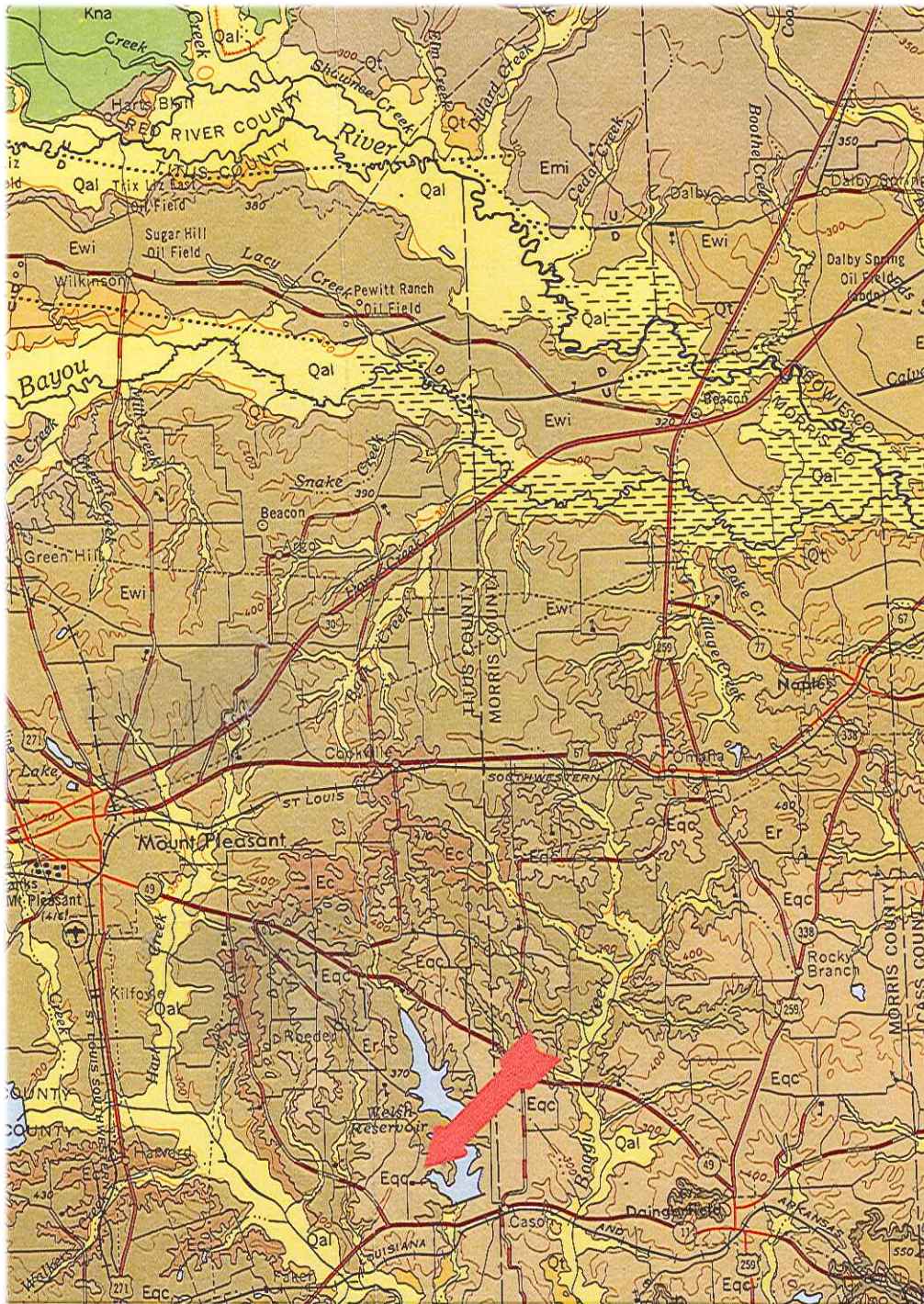
JOB NO.: G3242-095

DATE: JAN. 2010

SCALE: AS SHOWN

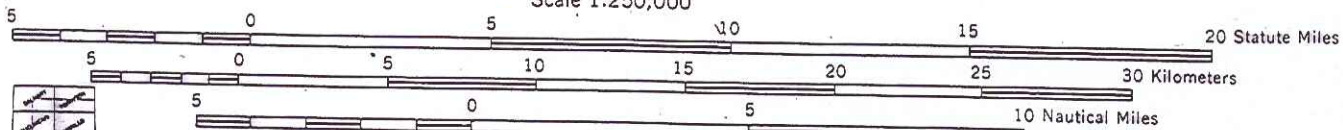
APPROVED BY:

DRAWN BY:
K.C.R.

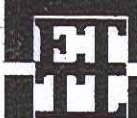
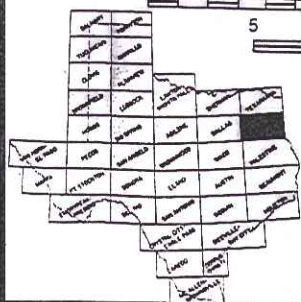


EXPLANATION	
SEDIMENTARY ROCKS	
Qal	Alluvium
Qal	Fluvial terrace deposits
Qal	Fluvial terrace deposits undivided
Qal	Sparta Sand
Qal	Quartz sand, fine to medium grained, light gray to brownish gray, slightly calcareous from oil and clay matrix, massive, locally carbonaceous, weathering various shades of light gray; test thin, upper part cherty, locally include Taylor Green, massive, locally cross-bedded, weathering dark reddish brown, abundant transverse concretions
Qal	Weches Formation
Qal	Glaucous and quartz sand, greenish gray to grayish olive green, thin bedded, locally cross-bedded to imbricate, clay interbeds, light brown to moderate light gray, massive, thin bedded; weathering moderate to dark reddish brown, locally forms laminar and siliceous (iron) concretions, transverse concretions, marine bivalves in southern part; 25 ft thick, range 5-10 feet
Qal	Queen City Sand
Qal	Quartz sand, fine grained to locally medium grained, light gray to brownish gray, locally carbonaceous, and clay, gray to brown, slightly siliceous, sand more abundant in west; weathering red and white mottled, transverse concretions and ridges common; local beds of glauconitic quartz arenaceous, cross-bedded, weathering to ferruginous ridges and rubble; 100-150 feet thick, thin northward
Qal	Rocklaw Formation
Qal	Upper 100 ft, clay, brownish black to brownish gray, silty, massive, carbonaceous, laminar, interbeds of moderate reddish-brown clay; weathering light, silty, moderate concretions, a few marine fossils; Lower 100 ft, quartz sand, fine to very fine grained, brownish gray, siliceous, massive, locally cross-bedded; weathering moderate brown to dark yellowish orange with clay, transverse ridges and rubble; fossils, clay transition, and clay decrease northward
Qal	Cartize Sand
Qal	Upper part, very fine sand, silty, gray, silty, clay, medium to dark gray, carbonaceous; weathering moderate yellowish brown to dark reddish brown; lower part, clay, silty, massive, greenish, transverse concretions; Lower part, quartz sand, fine to medium grained, light brownish gray, weathering moderate, locally cross-bedded; weathering light gray to various shades of red, thickness about 100 feet
Qal	Willcox Group undivided
Qal	Mostly silty and sandy, various shades of gray, local beds of clay, lignite, etc., and quartz sand, in part carbonaceous, laminar, to massive, locally cross-bedded, weathering to various shades of gray, brown, yellow, and red; Calcareous siltstone and transverse concretions common; siliceous plant fossils, a few marine fossils in southeastern part; 100-1,000 feet thick
Qal	Eocene rocks undivided
Qal	Rocklaw Formation, Cartize Sand, Willcox Group, and Midway Group on Itrouba dome, not separately shown
Qal	Willis Point Formation
Qal	Clay, medium bluish gray, greenish gray, grayish green, brownish gray, silty, increase upward, laminar to upper massive, greenish, silty, upper part, rough micaceous siltstone concretions common in upper part, locally lignite in upper part, thin bed of fossils limestone near middle; weathering medium gray to yellowish gray; fossiliferous; 200 ft thick
Qal	Kincaid Formation
Qal	Clay, medium gray to dark gray, greenish gray, brownish gray, greenish, calcareous, siliceous, locally silty or sandy, locally phosphatic near base, clay beds of limestone in upper part, gray, hard, detrital; weathering medium gray; fossiliferous; 180 ft thick
Qal	Kemp Clay
Qal	Clay, dark gray to bluish gray, calcareous, silty, calcareous, calcareous concretions common; weathering dark greenish gray and black; upper part clay crumbly
Qal	Upper Cretaceous rocks undivided
Qal	Navarro Group, Taylor Group, and Austin Chalk on Brooks dome not separately shown

Scale 1:250,000



CONTOUR INTERVAL 100 FEET
WITH SUPPLEMENTARY CONTOURS AT 50 FOOT INTERVALS



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Tulsa, Texas 74102
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**SITE
SURFACE
GEOLOGY**

JOB No.: G3242-09

DATE: 1975

SCALE: 1:250,000



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MATERIAL DESCRIPTION

SANDY LEAN CLAY(CL) very stiff; brownish orange
SILTY SAND(SM) tannish orange
SANDY FAT CLAY(CH) medium stiff; tannish orange
--stiff

CLAYEY SAND(SC) medium dense; tannish orange; with clay seams
SANDY LEAN CLAY(CL) stiff; orange

CLAYEY SAND(SC) medium dense; orange; saturated; with iron oxide cemented sandstone rock

LEAN CLAY WITH SAND(CL) hard; dark gray; with clay seams

SANDY LEAN CLAY(CL) hard; dark brown

--grayish brown; laminated with silt

Bottom of Boring @ 30'

LOG OF BORING B-1

PROJECT: Welsh Power Plant
Pittsburgh, Texas

PROJECT NO.: G3242-09

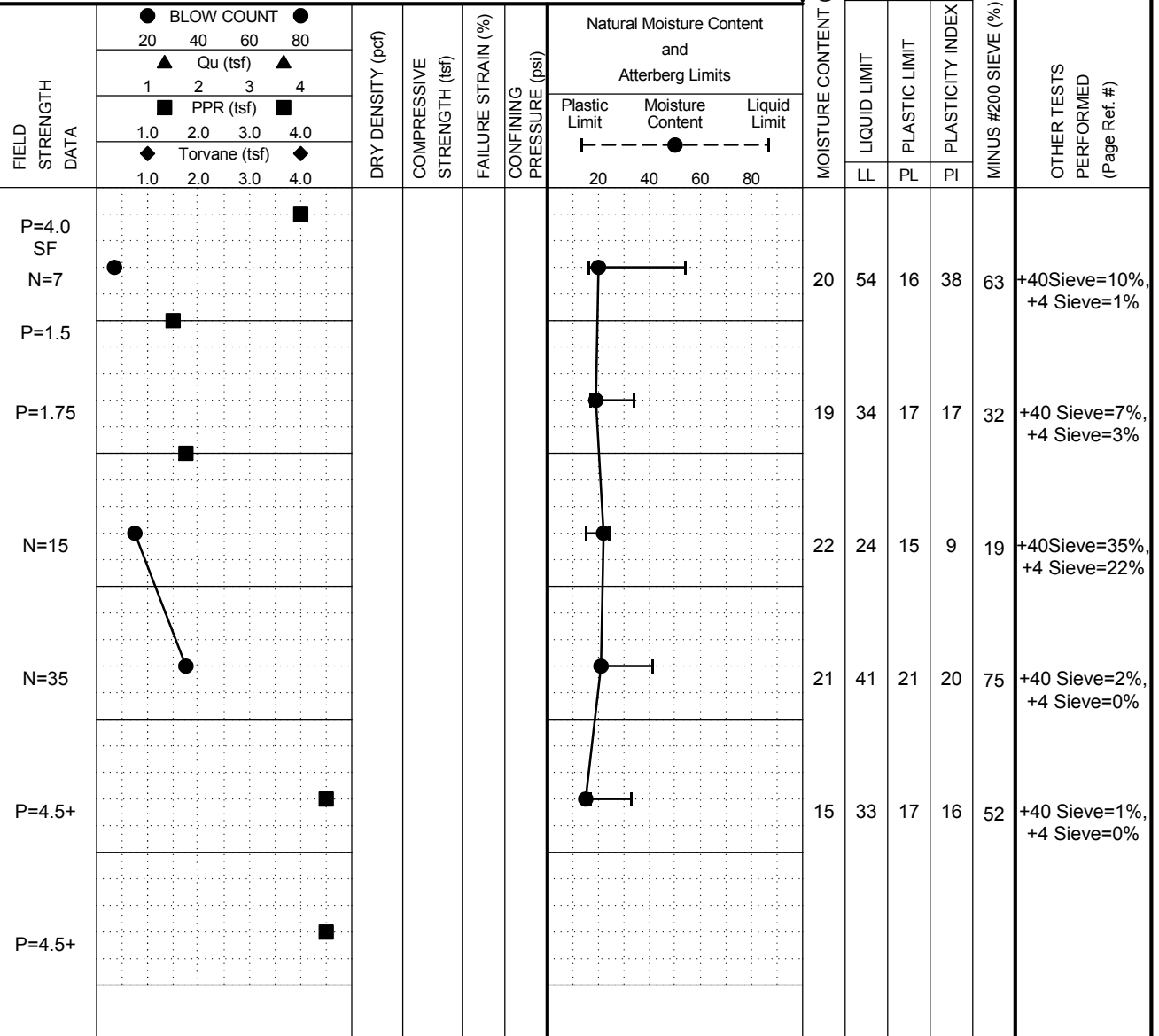
BORING TYPE: Flight Auger

DATE

10/27/09

SURFACE ELEVATION

324.1





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MATERIAL DESCRIPTION

SANDY LEAN CLAY(CL) hard; red and tan

--very stiff

--stiff

--very stiff; reddish brown

SANDY LEAN CLAY(CL) hard; red and tan

--very stiff

CLAYEY SAND(SC) medium dense; tan, red,
and gray

LOG OF BORING B-2

PROJECT: Welsh Power Plant
Pittsburgh, Texas

PROJECT NO.: G3242-09

BORING TYPE: Flight Auger

DATE

10/28/09

SURFACE ELEVATION

339.7

FIELD STRENGTH DATA	● BLOW COUNT ● 20 40 60 80				DRY DENSITY (pcf)	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (tsf)	FAILURE STRAIN (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (psi)	Natural Moisture Content and Atterberg Limits			MOISTURE CONTENT	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	MINUS #200 SIEVE (%)	OTHER TESTS PERFORMED (Page Ref. #)
	▲ Qu (tsf) ▲ 1 2 3 4								Plastic Limit	Moisture Content	Liquid Limit						
	■ PPR (tsf) ■ 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0																
	◆ Torvane (tsf) ◆ 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0																
P=4.5+				■					●	┌-----┐ 20 40 60 80	13	28	14	14	61	+40 Sieve=3%, +4 Sieve=0%	
P=3.5				■													
N=14	●								●	┌-----┐ 20 40 60 80	14	40	16	24	65	+40 Sieve=0%, +4 Sieve=0%	
P=2.75			■						●	┌-----┐ 20 40 60 80	13	30	14	16	58	+40 Sieve=0%, +4 Sieve=0%	
P=4.5+				■													
P=3.5				■					●	┌-----┐ 20 40 60 80	14	34	15	19	54	+40 Sieve=0%, +4 Sieve=0%	
P=4.0				■													
P=4.5				■					●	┌-----┐ 20 40 60 80	15	37	16	21	47	+40 Sieve=5%, +4 Sieve=3%	

Water Level Est.: Measured: Perched:
Water Observations: Water level @ 19' and open to 24' upon completion.

Key to Abbreviations:
N - SPT Data (Blows/Ft)
P - Pocket Penetrometer (tsf)
T - Torvane (tsf)
L - Lab Vane Shear (tsf)

Notes:
GPS Coordinates: N 33°03.078', W 94°50.449'



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MATERIAL DESCRIPTION

--red and tan

SILTY CLAYEY SAND(SM-SC) red, tan, and gray; saturated

FAT CLAY(CH) hard; brown, tan, and gray; with ferric joints; with lignite and sand seams

SILTY SAND(SM) black and gray

Bottom of Boring @ 50'

LOG OF BORING B-2

PROJECT: Welsh Power Plant
Pittsburgh, Texas

PROJECT NO.: G3242-09

BORING TYPE: Flight Auger

DATE

10/28/09

SURFACE ELEVATION

339.7

FIELD STRENGTH DATA	● BLOW COUNT ● 20 40 60 80				DRY DENSITY (pcf)	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (tsf)	FAILURE STRAIN (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (psi)	Natural Moisture Content and Atterberg Limits			MOISTURE CONTENT	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	MINUS #200 SIEVE (%)	OTHER TESTS PERFORMED (Page Ref. #)
	▲ Qu (tsf) ▲ 1 2 3 4								Plastic Limit	Moisture Content	Liquid Limit						
	■ PPR (tsf) ■ 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0																
	◆ Torvane (tsf) ◆ 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0																
P=2.5			■														
SF									●	1		12	22	15	7	48	+40 Sieve=0%, +4 Sieve=0%
P=4.5+				■													
SF																	

Water Level Est.: Measured: Perched:
Water Observations: Water level @ 19' and open to 24' upon completion.

Key to Abbreviations:
N - SPT Data (Blows/Ft)
P - Pocket Penetrometer (tsf)
T - Torvane (tsf)
L - Lab Vane Shear (tsf)

Notes:
GPS Coordinates: N 33°03.078', W 94°50.449'



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MATERIAL DESCRIPTION

LOG OF BORING B-3

PROJECT: Welsh Power Plant
Pittsburgh, Texas

PROJECT NO.: G3242-09

BORING TYPE: Flight Auger

DATE

10/27/09

SURFACE ELEVATION

339.6

FIELD STRENGTH DATA	● BLOW COUNT ●				DRY DENSITY (pcf)	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (tsf)	FAILURE STRAIN (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (psi)	Natural Moisture Content and Atterberg Limits			MOISTURE CONTENT	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	MINUS #200 SIEVE (%)	OTHER TESTS PERFORMED (Page Ref. #)
	20	40	60	80													
	▲ Qu (tsf)	▲															
	1	2	3	4													
	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0													
◆ Torvane (tsf)	◆																
1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	20	40	60	80										
N=11	●																
P=1.0	■										23	52	18	34	87	+40 Sieve=3%, +4 Sieve=0%	
P=3.5				■							21	51	19	32	86	+40 Sieve=3%, +4 Sieve=0%	
P=3.75				■							21	54	20	34	85	+40 Sieve=10%, +4 Sieve=1%	
P=2.5			■								23	61	24	37	81	+40 Sieve=11%, +4 Sieve=0%	
P=4.5+				■													
N=56			●								22	42	22	20	35	+40 Sieve=1%, +4 Sieve=0%	

DEPTH (ft)
0
5
10
15
20
25
30

SAMPLES
SC
CH
CH
CH
SC

USC
GEOLOGIC UNIT
WATER LEVEL

CLAYEY SAND(SC) medium dense; gray and red
FAT CLAY(CH) stiff; red and tan; with sand seams
--very stiff
FAT CLAY WITH SAND(CH) very stiff; brown; with ferric joints
--red and tan; layered; with ferric seams
FAT CLAY(CH) hard; gray; with sand seams
CLAYEY SAND(SC) very dense; gray; with sand seams

Water Level Est.: ▽ Measured: ▽ Perched: ▽

Water Observations: Seepage @ 13' while drilling. Water level @ 19' and open to 24' upon completion.

Key to Abbreviations:

N - SPT Data (Blows/Ft)
P - Pocket Penetrometer (tsf)
T - Torvane (tsf)
L - Lab Vane Shear (tsf)

Notes:

GPS Coordinates: N 33°02.998', W 94°50.514'



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ENGINEERS &
CONSULTANTS**

MAIN OFFICE
1717 East Erwin
Tyler, Texas 75702
(903) 595-4421

MATERIAL DESCRIPTION

FAT CLAY(CH) hard; brown; layered and with sand seams

--gray and green

SANDY LEAN CLAY(CL) very stiff; gray and dark green; layered; with sand seams

FAT CLAY(CH) hard; gray and dark green; layered; with silt seams

Bottom of Boring @ 50'

LOG OF BORING B-3

PROJECT: Welsh Power Plant
Pittsburgh, Texas

PROJECT NO.: G3242-09

BORING TYPE: Flight Auger

DATE

10/27/09

SURFACE ELEVATION

339.6

FIELD STRENGTH DATA	● BLOW COUNT ●				DRY DENSITY (pcf)	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (tsf)	FAILURE STRAIN (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (psi)	Natural Moisture Content and Atterberg Limits			MOISTURE CONTENT	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	MINUS #200 SIEVE (%)	OTHER TESTS PERFORMED (Page Ref. #)
	20	40	60	80													
	▲ Qu (tsf) ▲																
	1	2	3	4													
	■ PPR (tsf) ■																
	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0													
	◆ Torvane (tsf) ◆																
	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0													
P=4.5+				■						20	60	21	60	24	36	95	+40 Sieve=1%, +4 Sieve=0%
P=4.5+				■													
P=3.5				■													
P=4.5+				■													

Water Level Est.: Measured: Perched:

Water Observations: Seepage @ 13' while drilling. Water level @ 19' and open to 24' upon completion.

Key to Abbreviations:

N - SPT Data (Blows/Ft)
P - Pocket Penetrometer (tsf)
T - Torvane (tsf)
L - Lab Vane Shear (tsf)

Notes:

GPS Coordinates: N 33°02.998', W 94°50.514'



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MATERIAL DESCRIPTION

SILTY SAND(SM) medium dense; tan; with gravel

SANDY LEAN CLAY(CL) dark brown

--tannish orange

--hard; orangish tan

--very stiff; white

CLAYEY SAND(SC) medium dense; tan

--orangish gray; with sand seams

SANDY LEAN CLAY(CL) stiff; orangish tan

FAT CLAY(CH) very stiff; orangish tan; with ferric seams

--tannish brown; with iron ore seams

LOG OF BORING B-4

PROJECT: Welsh Power Plant
Pittsburgh, Texas

PROJECT NO.: G3242-09

BORING TYPE: Flight Auger

DATE

10/27/09

SURFACE ELEVATION

340.6

FIELD STRENGTH DATA	● BLOW COUNT ● 20 40 60 80				DRY DENSITY (pcf)	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (tsf)	FAILURE STRAIN (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (psi)	Natural Moisture Content and Atterberg Limits			MOISTURE CONTENT	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	MINUS #200 SIEVE (%)	OTHER TESTS PERFORMED (Page Ref. #)
	▲ Qu (tsf) ▲ 1 2 3 4								Plastic Limit	Moisture Content	Liquid Limit						
	■ PPR (tsf) ■ 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0																
	◆ Torvane (tsf) ◆ 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0																
N=19	●																
SF																	
P=4.5				■													
P=3.25				■													
P=3.25				■													
N=9	●																
P=4.0				■													
P=2.75				■													

Water Level
Water Observations:
completion.

Est.: ▽ Measured: ▽ Perched: ▽

Water level @ 18' and open to 48' upon completion.

Key to Abbreviations:
N - SPT Data (Blows/Ft)
P - Pocket Penetrometer (tsf)
T - Torvane (tsf)
L - Lab Vane Shear (tsf)

Notes:
GPS Coordinates: N 33°03.011', W 94°50.462'



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(903) 595-4421

MATERIAL DESCRIPTION

--hard; light gray; layered and with silt seams

LEAN CLAY(CL) hard; light gray; layered and with silt seams

--light gray

--layered and with sand seams; with lignite

Bottom of Boring @ 50'

LOG OF BORING B-4

PROJECT: Welsh Power Plant
Pittsburgh, Texas

PROJECT NO.: G3242-09

BORING TYPE: Flight Auger

DATE

10/27/09

SURFACE ELEVATION

340.6

FIELD STRENGTH DATA	● BLOW COUNT ● 20 40 60 80				DRY DENSITY (pcf)	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (tsf)	FAILURE STRAIN (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (psi)	Natural Moisture Content and Atterberg Limits			MOISTURE CONTENT	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	MINUS #200 SIEVE (%)	OTHER TESTS PERFORMED (Page Ref. #)
	▲ Qu (tsf) ▲ 1 2 3 4								Plastic Limit	Moisture Content	Liquid Limit						
	■ PPR (tsf) ■ 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0																
	◆ Torvane (tsf) ◆ 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0																
N=30																	
N=50/5.75"											21	44	25	19	93	+40 Sieve=1%, +4 Sieve=0%	
N=41																	
N=43																	

Water Level Est.: Measured: Perched:
Water Observations: Water level @ 18' and open to 48' upon completion.

Key to Abbreviations:
N - SPT Data (Blows/Ft)
P - Pocket Penetrometer (tsf)
T - Torvane (tsf)
L - Lab Vane Shear (tsf)

Notes:
GPS Coordinates: N 33°03.011', W 94°50.462'



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MATERIAL DESCRIPTION

LOG OF BORING B-5

PROJECT: Welsh Power Plant
Pittsburgh, Texas

PROJECT NO.: G3242-09

BORING TYPE: Flight Auger

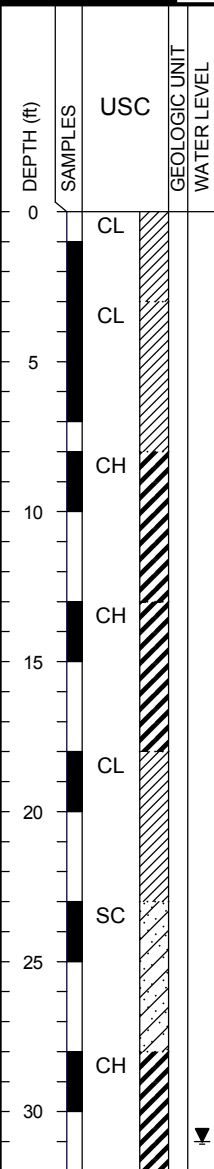
DATE

10/27/09

SURFACE ELEVATION

340.0

FIELD STRENGTH DATA	● BLOW COUNT ● 20 40 60 80				DRY DENSITY (pcf)	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (tsf)	FAILURE STRAIN (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (psi)	Natural Moisture Content and Atterberg Limits			MOISTURE CONTENT	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	MINUS #200 SIEVE (%)	OTHER TESTS PERFORMED (Page Ref. #)
	▲ Qu (tsf) ▲ 1 2 3 4								Plastic Limit	Moisture Content	Liquid Limit						
	■ PPR (tsf) ■ 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0																
	◆ Torvane (tsf) ◆ 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0																
P=2.0		■							20	50	45	22	47	19	28	81	+40 Sieve=9%, +4 Sieve=3%
P=4.5+				■					20	50	45	21	46	18	28	94	+40 Sieve=3%, +4 Sieve=0%
P=4.0				■					20	50	45						
P=3.0			■														
P=4.5+				■					20	50	45	22	52	24	28	88	+40 Sieve=3%, +4 Sieve=0%
P=3.0			■														
P=0.5	■								20	50	45	19	33	17	16	44	+40 Sieve=1%, +4 Sieve=0%
P=2.0		■							20	50	45	25	61	19	42	83	+40 Sieve=5%, +4 Sieve=3%



Water Level Est.: ▽ Measured: ▽ Perched: ▽

Water Observations: Seepage @ 35' while drilling. Water level @ 31' and open to 35' upon completion and after 30 minutes.

Key to Abbreviations:

N - SPT Data (Blows/Ft)
P - Pocket Penetrometer (tsf)
T - Torvane (tsf)
L - Lab Vane Shear (tsf)

Notes:

GPS Coordinates: N 33°02.964', W 94°50.428'



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MATERIAL DESCRIPTION

SILTY CLAYEY SAND(SC) gray and red;
saturated

FAT CLAY(CH) hard; red and gray; with sand
seams

--gray, tan, and red; with sand seams

SILTY SAND(SM-SC) red and gray

Bottom of Boring @ 50'

LOG OF BORING B-5

PROJECT: Welsh Power Plant
Pittsburgh, Texas

PROJECT NO.: G3242-09

BORING TYPE: Flight Auger

DATE

10/27/09

SURFACE ELEVATION

340.0

FIELD STRENGTH DATA	● BLOW COUNT ● 20 40 60 80				DRY DENSITY (pcf)	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (tsf)	FAILURE STRAIN (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (psi)	Natural Moisture Content and Atterberg Limits			MOISTURE CONTENT	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	MINUS #200 SIEVE (%)	OTHER TESTS PERFORMED (Page Ref. #)
	▲ Qu (tsf) ▲ 1 2 3 4								Plastic Limit	Moisture Content	Liquid Limit						
	■ PPR (tsf) ■ 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0																
	◆ Torvane (tsf) ◆ 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0																
SF																	
P=4.5+				■					●	├───┤	25	51	31	20	87	+40 Sieve=6%, +4 Sieve=0%	
P=4.5+				■													
SF																	

Water Level Est.: Measured: Perched:
Water Observations: Seepage @ 35' while drilling. Water level @ 31' and open to 35' upon completion and after 30 minutes.

Key to Abbreviations:
N - SPT Data (Blows/Ft)
P - Pocket Penetrometer (tsf)
T - Torvane (tsf)
L - Lab Vane Shear (tsf)

Notes:
GPS Coordinates: N 33°02.964', W 94°50.428'

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(903) 595-4421

LOG OF BORING B-6

PROJECT: Welsh Power Plant
Pittsburgh, Texas

PROJECT NO.: G3242-09

BORING TYPE: Flight Auger

DATE

10/27/09

SURFACE ELEVATION

340.1

[illegible]

Water Level	Est.:	Measured:	Perched:
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Water Observations: Seepage @ 17' while drilling. Water level @ 13' and open to 15' upon completion and after 30 minutes.

Key to Abbreviations:

N - SPT Data (Blows/Ft)
P - Pocket Penetrometer (tsf)
T - Torvane (tsf)
L - Lab Vane Shear (tsf)

Notes:

GPS Coordinates: N 33°02.912', W 94°50.462'



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MATERIAL DESCRIPTION

FAT CLAY(CH) hard; brown; with sand seams

--dark green

LEAN CLAY(CL) hard; dark green; laminated with lignite

Bottom of Boring @ 50'

LOG OF BORING B-6

PROJECT: Welsh Power Plant
Pittsburgh, Texas

PROJECT NO.: G3242-09

BORING TYPE: Flight Auger

DATE

10/27/09

SURFACE ELEVATION

340.1

FIELD STRENGTH DATA	● BLOW COUNT ● 20 40 60 80				DRY DENSITY (pcf)	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (tsf)	FAILURE STRAIN (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (psi)	Natural Moisture Content and Atterberg Limits			MOISTURE CONTENT	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	MINUS #200 SIEVE (%)	OTHER TESTS PERFORMED (Page Ref. #)
	▲ Qu (tsf) ▲ 1 2 3 4								Plastic Limit	Moisture Content	Liquid Limit						
	■ PPR (tsf) ■ 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0																
	◆ Torvane (tsf) ◆ 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0																
P=4.5+				■													
P=4.5+				■					●	—		22	68	24	44	95	+40 Sieve=0%, +4 Sieve=0%
P=4.5+				■													
P=4.5+				■													

Water Level Est.: ▽ Measured: ▽ Perched: ▽

Water Observations: Seepage @ 17' while drilling. Water level @ 13' and open to 15' upon completion and after 30 minutes.

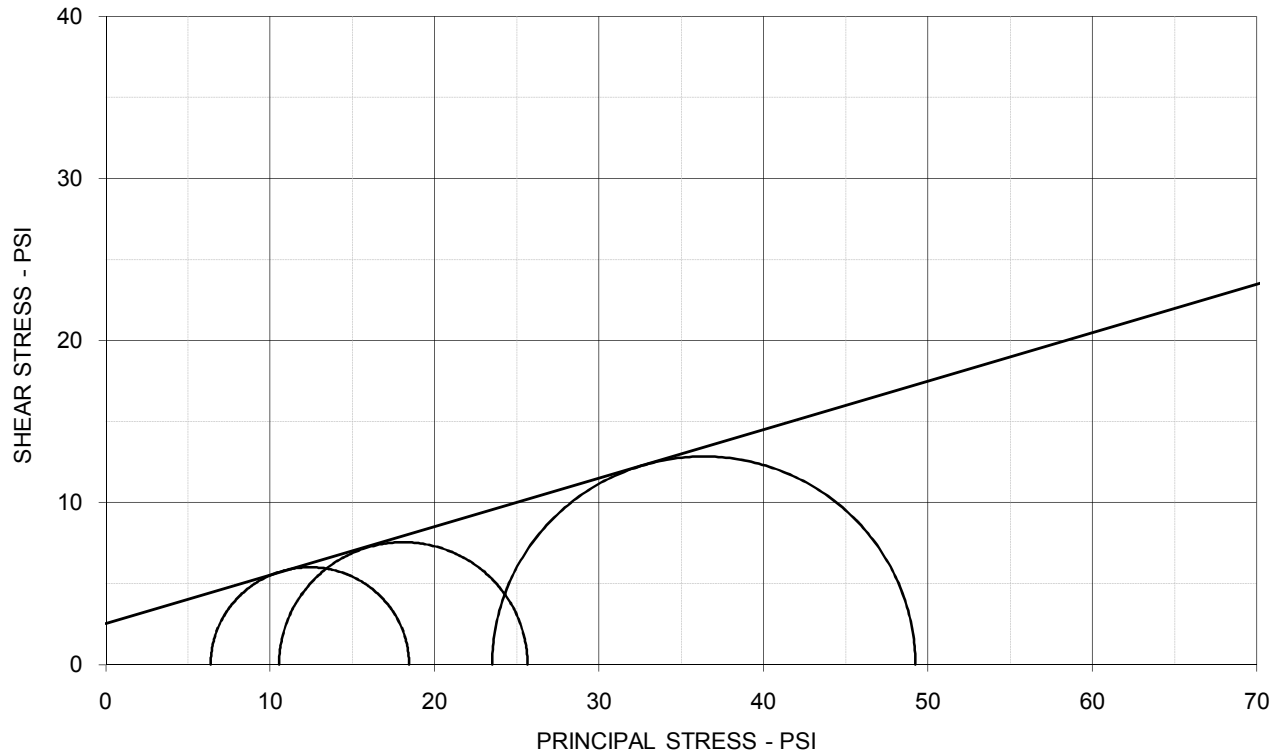
Key to Abbreviations:

N - SPT Data (Blows/Ft)
P - Pocket Penetrometer (tsf)
T - Torvane (tsf)
L - Lab Vane Shear (tsf)

Notes:

GPS Coordinates: N 33°02.912', W 94°50.462'

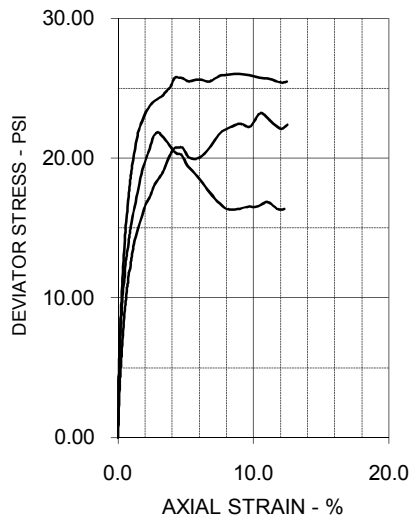
TRIAXIAL SHEAR TEST REPORT



EFFECTIVE STRESS PARAMETERS

$\phi' = 16.7 \text{ deg}$

$c' = 2.5 \text{ psi}$



SPECIMEN NO.

1

2

3

4

INITIAL

Moisture Content - %

23.9

24.1

26.5

Dry Density - pcf

102.5

100.6

99.0

Diameter - inches

2.01

2.00

2.01

Height - inches

4.00

3.92

3.98

AT TEST

Final Moisture - %

25.4

24.3

25.0

Dry Density - pcf

102.7

102.4

101.9

Calculated Diameter (in.)

2.01

1.98

1.99

Height - inches

4.02

3.87

3.92

Effect. Cell Pressure - psi

10.0

20.0

40.0

Failure Stress - psi

12.03

15.08

25.71

Total Pore Pressure - psi

53.6

59.4

66.5

Strain Rate - inches/min.

0.00050

0.00050

0.00050

Failure Strain - %

0.9

0.9

4.8

σ_1' Failure - psi

18.43

25.64

49.23

σ_3' Failure - psi

6.40

10.56

23.52

TEST DESCRIPTION

TYPE OF TEST & NO: CU with PP
SAMPLE TYPE: Shelby Tube Sample
DESCRIPTION: Tan & Gray Clay & w/ some Ferric Joints
Sampled on Site, B-1 5' to 10' deep

ASSUMED SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 2.7 + 40 Sieve

LL: PL: PI: Percent -200:

REMARKS: Diameter and Both Ends Trimmed + # 4 Sieve

PROJECT INFORMATION

PROJECT: AEP Welsh Power Plant Bottom Ash Ponds

LOCATION: Pittsburg, Texas

PROJECT NO: G 3242 - 095

CLIENT:

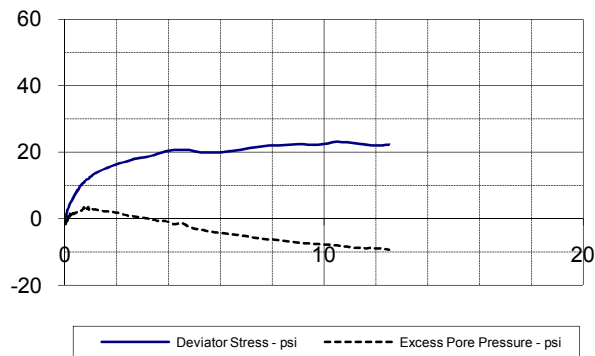
December 2009

ETTL ENGINEERS & CONSULTANTS

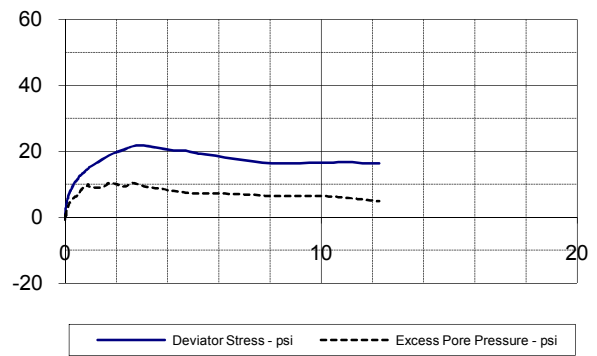
PLATE: B.1

G 3242-095, B-1 5' to 10' Welsh

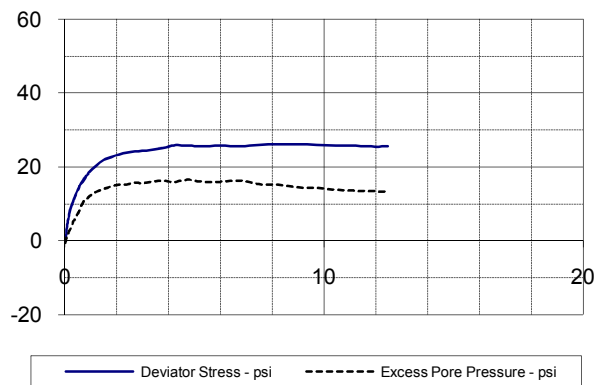
SPECIMEN NO. 1



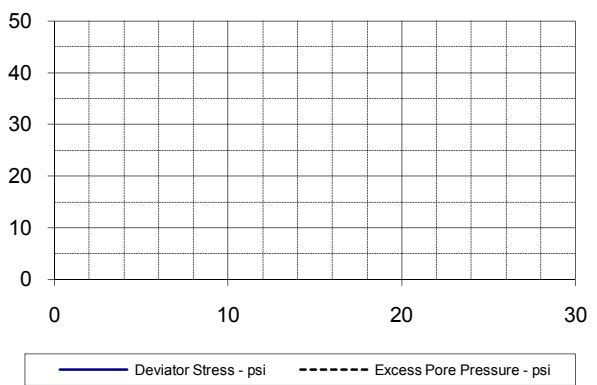
SPECIMEN NO. 2



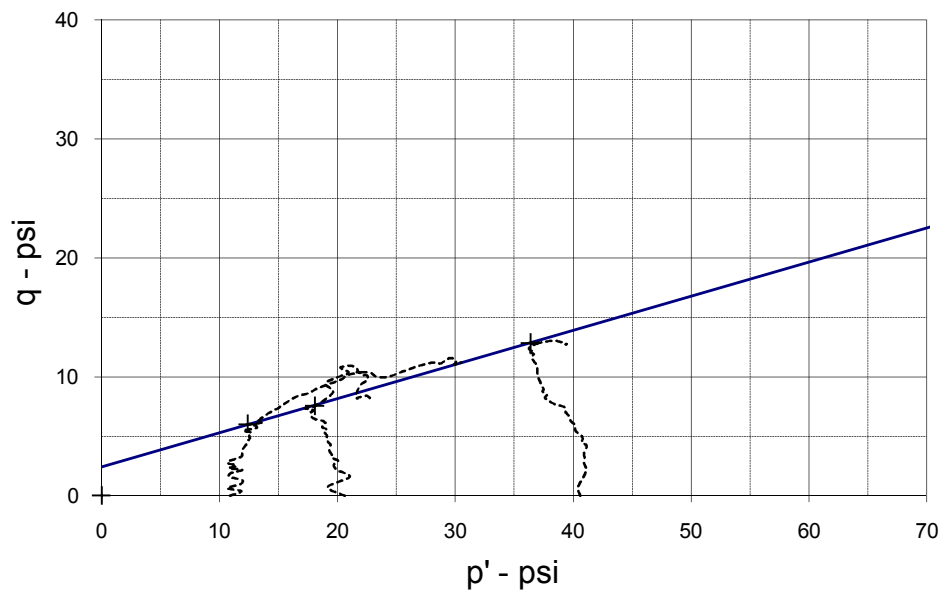
SPECIMEN NO. 3



SPECIMEN NO. 4



p - q DIAGRAM



EFFECTIVE STRESS PARAMETERS

 $R^2 = 1.00$ α (deg) = 16.0 a (psi) = 2.4

PROJECT: AEP Welsh Power Plant Bottom Ash Ponds

TYPE OF TEST & NO: CU with PP

PROJECT NO: G 3242 - 095

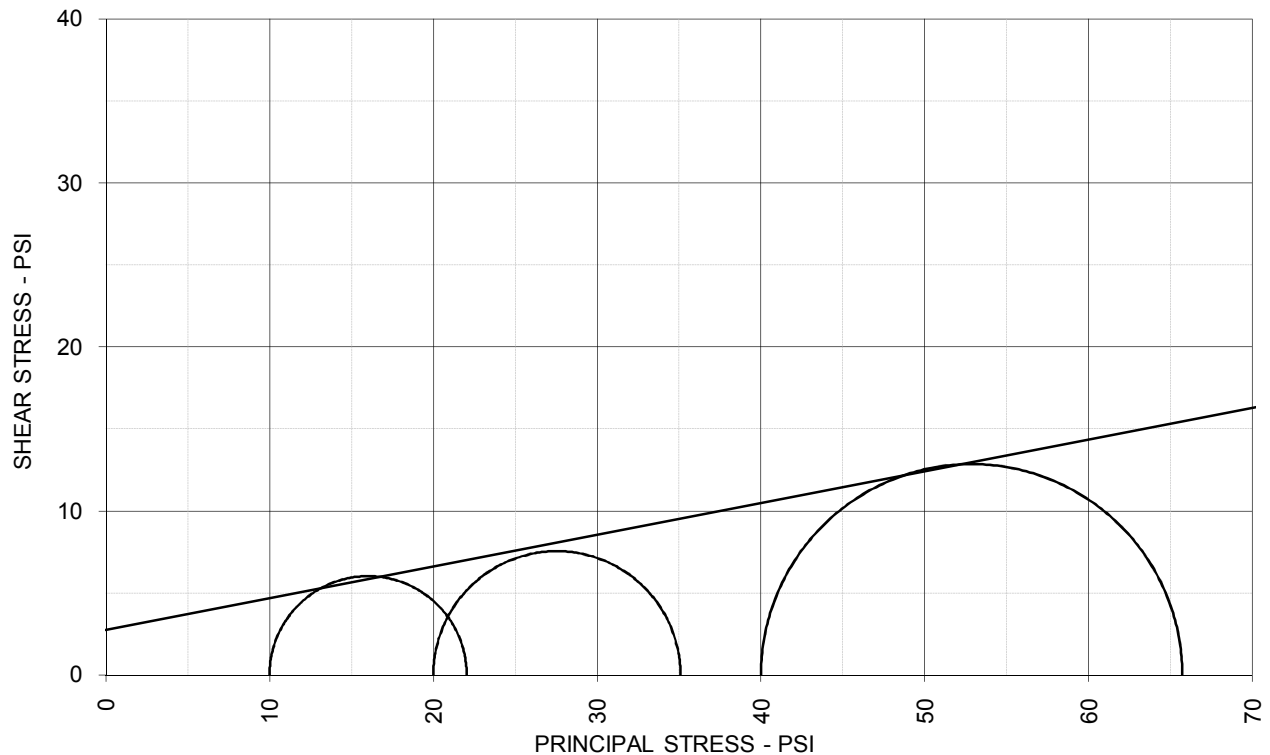
DESCRIPTION: Tan & Gray Clay & w/ some Ferric Joints

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PLATE: B.2

G 3242-095, B-1 5'-10' Welsh

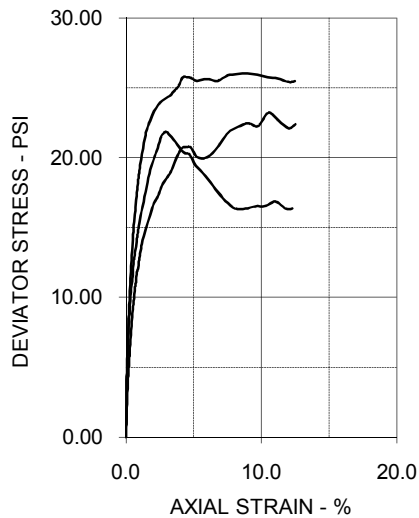
TRIAxIAL SHEAR TEST REPORT



TOTAL STRESS PARAMETERS

$\phi = 10.9 \text{ deg}$

$c = 2.8 \text{ psi}$



SPECIMEN NO.

1

2

3

4

INITIAL

Moisture Content - %

23.9

24.1

26.5

Dry Density - pcf

102.5

100.6

99.0

Diameter - inches

2.01

2.00

2.01

Height - inches

4.00

3.92

3.98

AT TEST

Final Moisture - %

25.4

24.3

25.0

Dry Density - pcf

102.7

102.4

101.9

Calculated Diameter (in.)

2.01

1.98

1.99

Height - inches

4.02

3.87

3.92

Effect. Cell Pressure - psi

10.0

20.0

40.0

Failure Stress - psi

12.03

15.08

25.71

Total Pore Pressure - psi

53.6

59.4

66.5

Strain Rate - inches/min.

0.00050

0.00050

0.00050

Failure Strain - %

0.9

0.9

4.8

σ_1 Failure - psi

22.03

35.08

65.71

σ_3 Failure - psi

10.00

20.00

40.00

TEST DESCRIPTION

TYPE OF TEST & NO: CU with PP

SAMPLE TYPE: Shelby Tube Sample

DESCRIPTION: Tan & Gray Clay & w/ some Ferric Joints

Sampled on Site, B-1 5' to 10' deep

ASSUMED SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 2.7 + 40 Sieve

LL: PL: PI: Percent -200:

REMARKS: Diameter and Both Ends Trimmed + # 4 Sieve

PROJECT INFORMATION

PROJECT: AEP Welsh Power Plant Bottom Ash Ponds

LOCATION: Pittsburg, Texas

PROJECT NO: G 3242 - 095

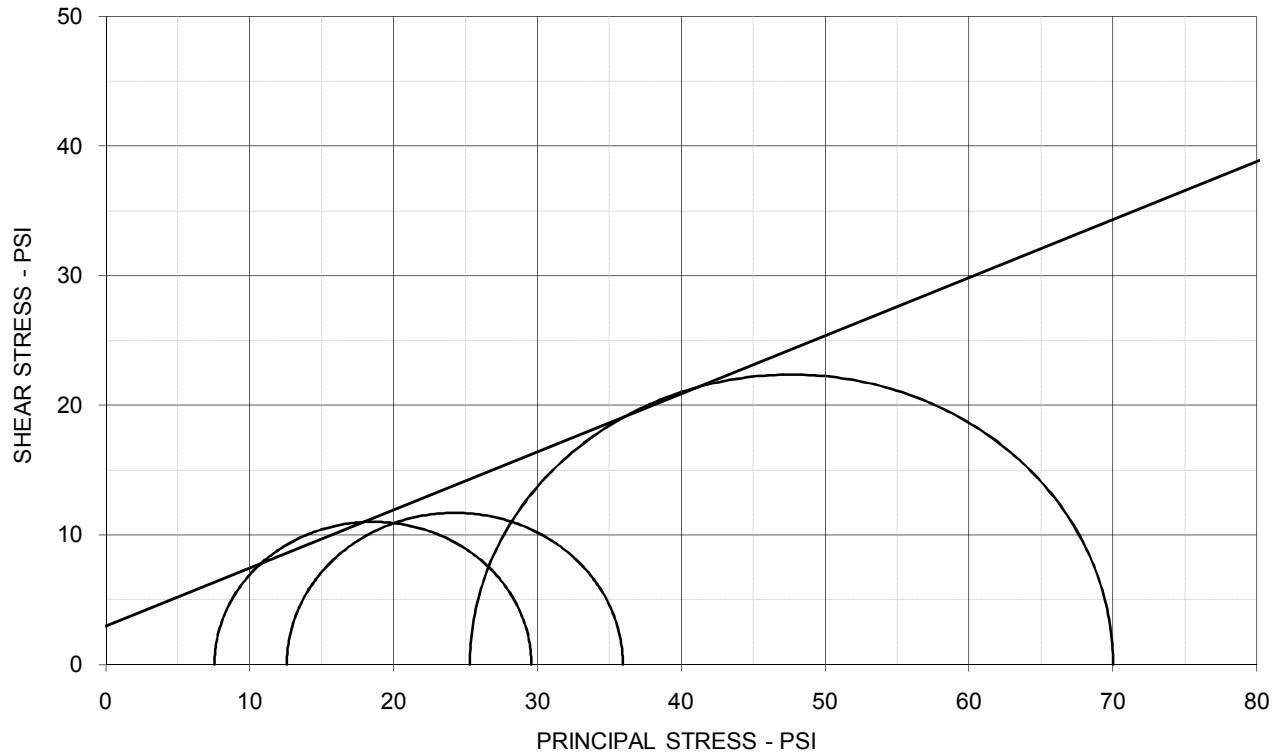
CLIENT:

December 2009

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PLATE: B.3

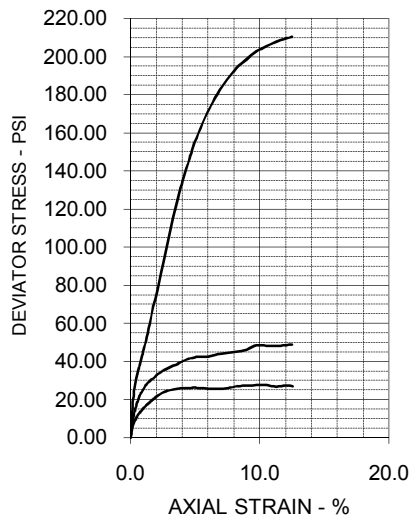
TRIAXIAL SHEAR TEST REPORT



EFFECTIVE STRESS PARAMETERS

$\phi' = 24.1$ deg

$c' = 2.9$ psi



SPECIMEN NO.

1

2

3

4

INITIAL

Moisture Content - %

14.4

23.6

13.0

Dry Density - pcf

114.9

100.1

122.2

Diameter - inches

2.01

2.02

2.00

Height - inches

4.00

4.00

4.02

AT TEST

Final Moisture - %

18.7

24.4

13.2

Dry Density - pcf

115.2

101.7

123.3

Calculated Diameter (in.)

2.00

2.01

1.99

Height - inches

3.99

3.97

3.98

Effect. Cell Pressure - psi

10.0

20.0

40.0

Failure Stress - psi

22.03

23.38

44.72

Total Pore Pressure - psi

52.5

57.4

64.7

Strain Rate - inches/min.

0.00050

0.00050

0.00050

Failure Strain - %

0.7

2.4

1.0

σ_1' Failure - psi

29.58

35.95

70.02

σ_3' Failure - psi

7.55

12.57

25.30

TEST DESCRIPTION

TYPE OF TEST & NO: CU with PP

SAMPLE TYPE: Shelby Tube Sample

DESCRIPTION: Reddish Brown Sandy Lean Clay

Sampled on Site, B-2 8' to 10' deep

ASSUMED SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 2.7 + 40 Sieve

LL: PL: PI: Percent -200:

REMARKS: Diameter and Both Ends Trimmed + # 4 Sieve

PROJECT INFORMATION

PROJECT: AEP Welsh Power Plant Bottom Ash Ponds

LOCATION: Pittsburg, Texas

PROJECT NO: G 3242 - 095

CLIENT:

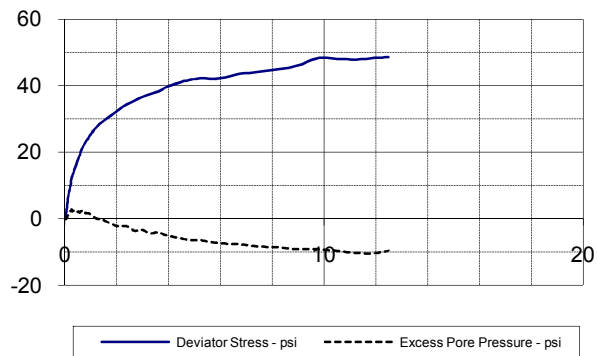
December 2009

ETTLL ENGINEERS & CONSULTANTS

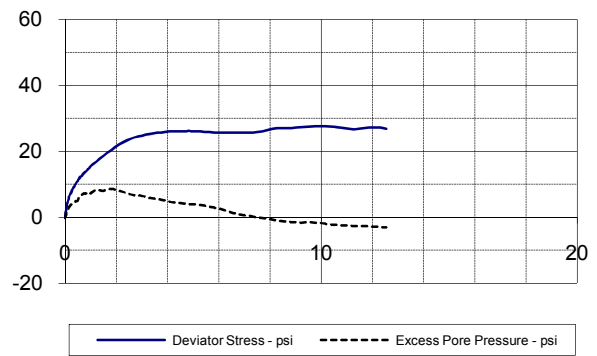
PLATE: B.1

G 3242-095, B-2 8' to 10' Welsh

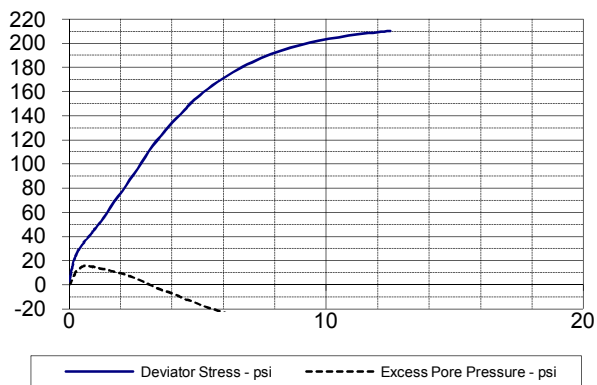
SPECIMEN NO. 1



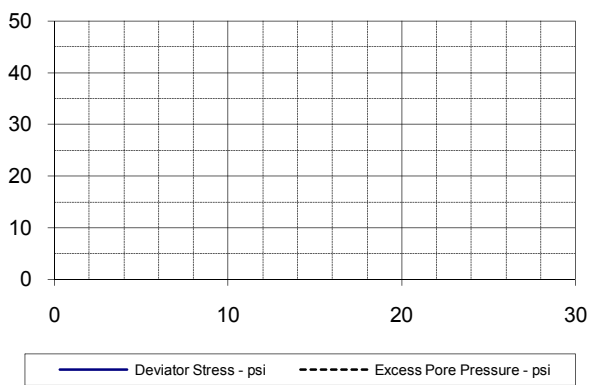
SPECIMEN NO. 2



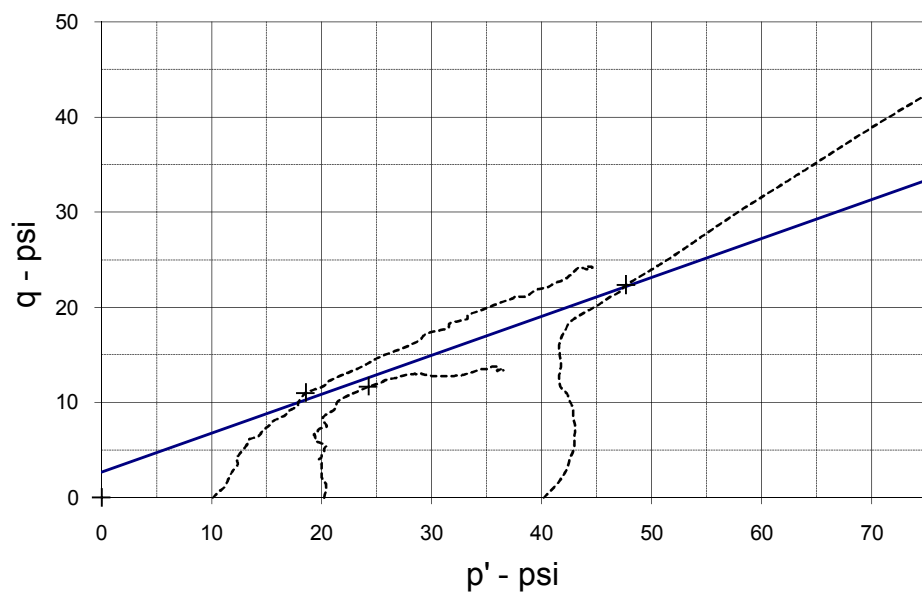
SPECIMEN NO. 3



SPECIMEN NO. 4



p - q DIAGRAM



EFFECTIVE STRESS PARAMETERS

 $R^2 = 0.98$ α (deg) = 22.3

a (psi) = 2.7

PROJECT: AEP Welsh Power Plant Bottom Ash Ponds

TYPE OF TEST & NO: CU with PP

PROJECT NO: G 3242 - 095

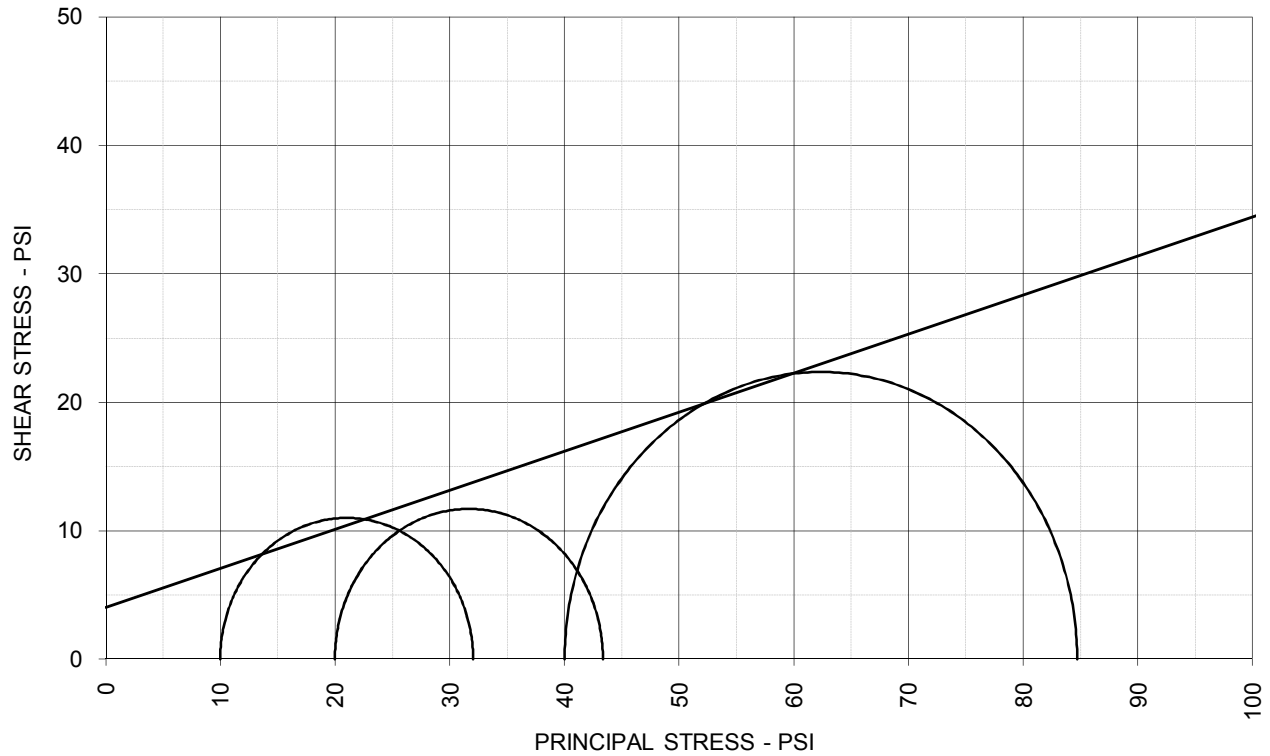
ETTL ENGINEERS & CONSULTANTS

PLATE: B.2

DESCRIPTION: Reddish Brown Sandy Lean Clay

G 3242-095, B-2 8'-10' Welsh

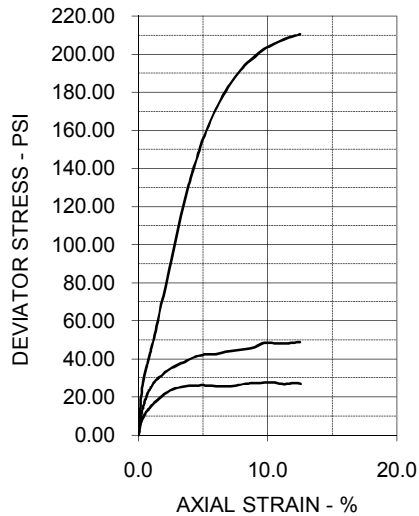
TRIAXIAL SHEAR TEST REPORT



TOTAL STRESS PARAMETERS

$\phi = 16.9 \text{ deg}$

$c = 4.0 \text{ psi}$



SPECIMEN NO.

1

2

3

4

INITIAL

Moisture Content - %

14.4

23.6

13.0

Dry Density - pcf

114.9

100.1

122.2

Diameter - inches

2.01

2.02

2.00

Height - inches

4.00

4.00

4.02

AT TEST

Final Moisture - %

18.7

24.4

13.2

Dry Density - pcf

115.2

101.7

123.3

Calculated Diameter (in.)

2.00

2.01

1.99

Height - inches

3.99

3.97

3.98

Effect. Cell Pressure - psi

10.0

20.0

40.0

Failure Stress - psi

22.03

23.38

44.72

Total Pore Pressure - psi

52.5

57.4

64.7

Strain Rate - inches/min.

0.00050

0.00050

0.00050

Failure Strain - %

0.7

2.4

1.0

σ_1 Failure - psi

32.03

43.38

84.72

σ_3 Failure - psi

10.00

20.00

40.00

TEST DESCRIPTION

TYPE OF TEST & NO: CU with PP

SAMPLE TYPE: Shelby Tube Sample

DESCRIPTION: Reddish Brown Sandy Lean Clay

Sampled on Site, B-2 8' to 10' deep

ASSUMED SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 2.7 + 40 Sieve

LL: PL: PI: Percent -200:

REMARKS: Diameter and Both Ends Trimmed + # 4 Sieve

PROJECT INFORMATION

PROJECT: AEP Welsh Power Plant Bottom Ash Ponds

LOCATION: Pittsburg, Texas

PROJECT NO: G 3242 - 095

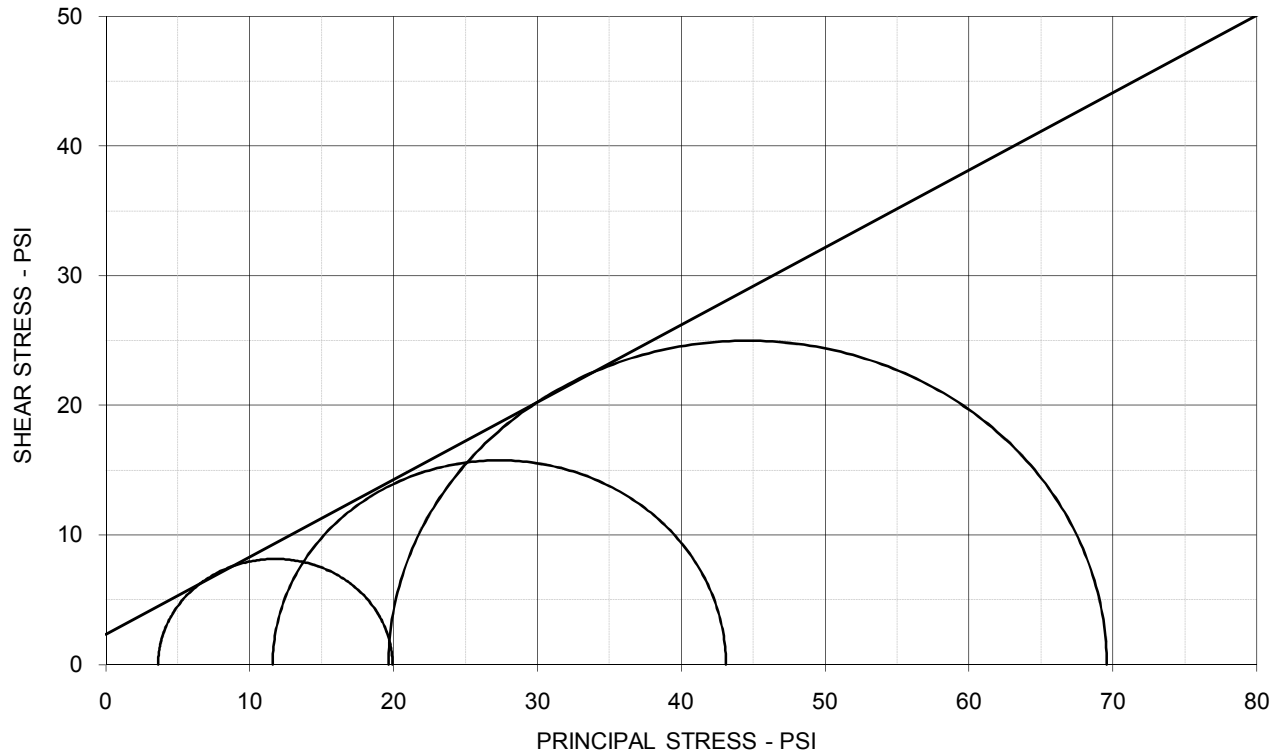
CLIENT:

December 2009

ETTL ENGINEERS & CONSULTANTS

PLATE: B.3

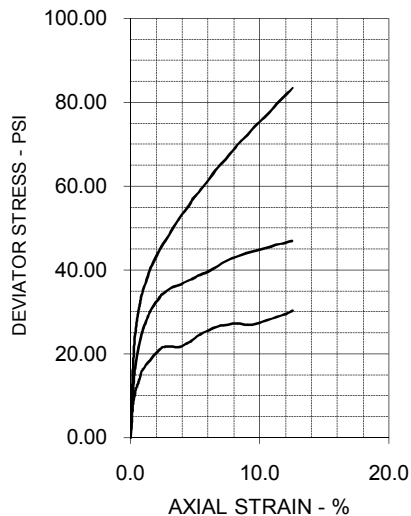
TRIAXIAL SHEAR TEST REPORT



EFFECTIVE STRESS PARAMETERS

$\phi' = 30.8 \text{ deg}$

$c' = 2.3 \text{ psi}$



SPECIMEN NO.

1

2

3

4

INITIAL

Moisture Content - %

20.5

17.7

16.0

Dry Density - pcf

106.7

111.3

117.2

Diameter - inches

2.00

1.99

1.98

Height - inches

3.99

3.98

4.00

AT TEST

Final Moisture - %

27.8

18.6

16.3

Dry Density - pcf

106.8

112.4

118.7

Calculated Diameter (in.)

2.00

1.99

1.97

Height - inches

3.98

3.97

3.96

Effect. Cell Pressure - psi

10.0

20.0

40.0

Failure Stress - psi

16.30

31.51

49.94

Total Pore Pressure - psi

56.4

58.4

70.4

Strain Rate - inches/min.

0.00050

0.00050

0.00050

Failure Strain - %

1.0

1.8

3.3

σ_1' Failure - psi

19.94

43.12

69.59

σ_3' Failure - psi

3.64

11.61

19.65

TEST DESCRIPTION

TYPE OF TEST & NO: CU with PP

SAMPLE TYPE: Shelby Tube Sample

DESCRIPTION: Tan, Brown, Gray & Red Clayey Sand

Sampled on Site, B-2 28' to 30' deep

ASSUMED SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 2.7 + 40 Sieve

LL: PL: PI: Percent -200:

REMARKS: Diameter and Both Ends Trimmed + # 4 Sieve

PROJECT INFORMATION

PROJECT: AEP Welsh Power Plant Bottom Ash Ponds

LOCATION: Pittsburg, Texas

PROJECT NO: G 3242 - 095

CLIENT:

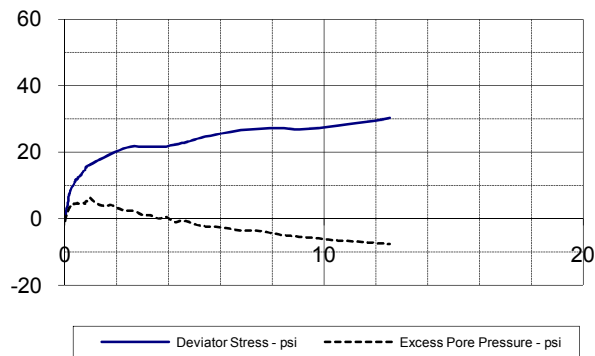
December 2009

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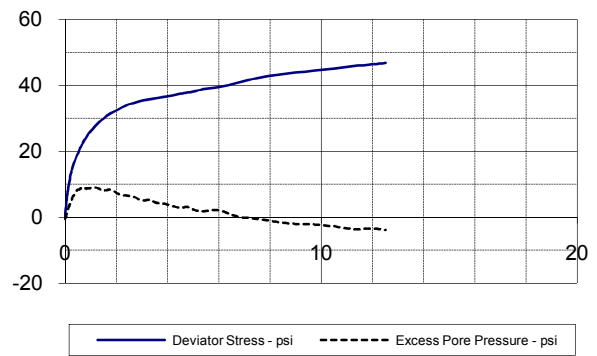
PLATE: B.1

G 3242-095, B-2 28' 30' Welsh

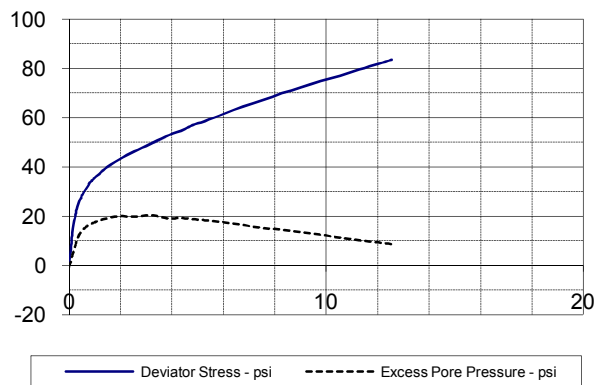
SPECIMEN NO. 1



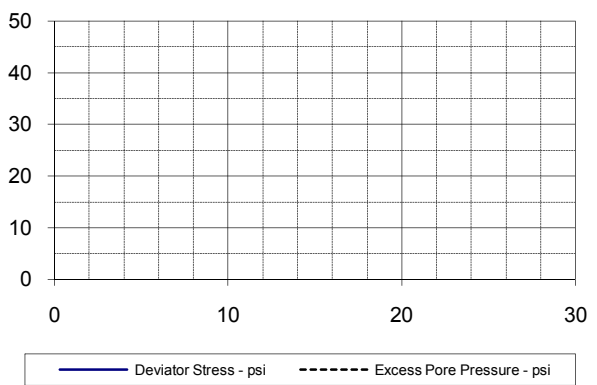
SPECIMEN NO. 2



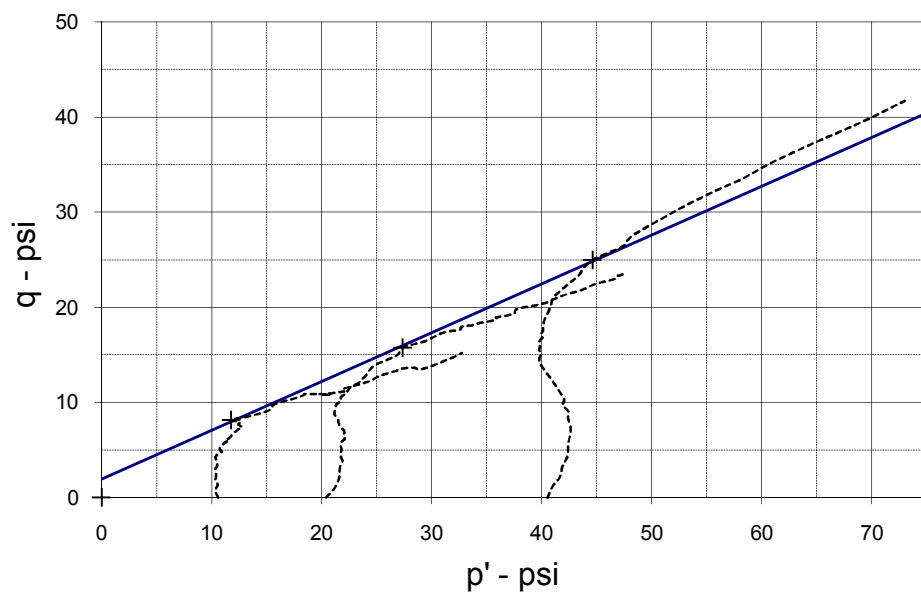
SPECIMEN NO. 3



SPECIMEN NO. 4



p - q DIAGRAM



EFFECTIVE STRESS PARAMETERS

 $R^2 = 1.00$ $\alpha \text{ (deg)} = 27.1$ $a \text{ (psi)} = 2.0$

PROJECT: AEP Welsh Power Plant Bottom Ash Ponds

TYPE OF TEST & NO: CU with PP

PROJECT NO: G 3242 - 095

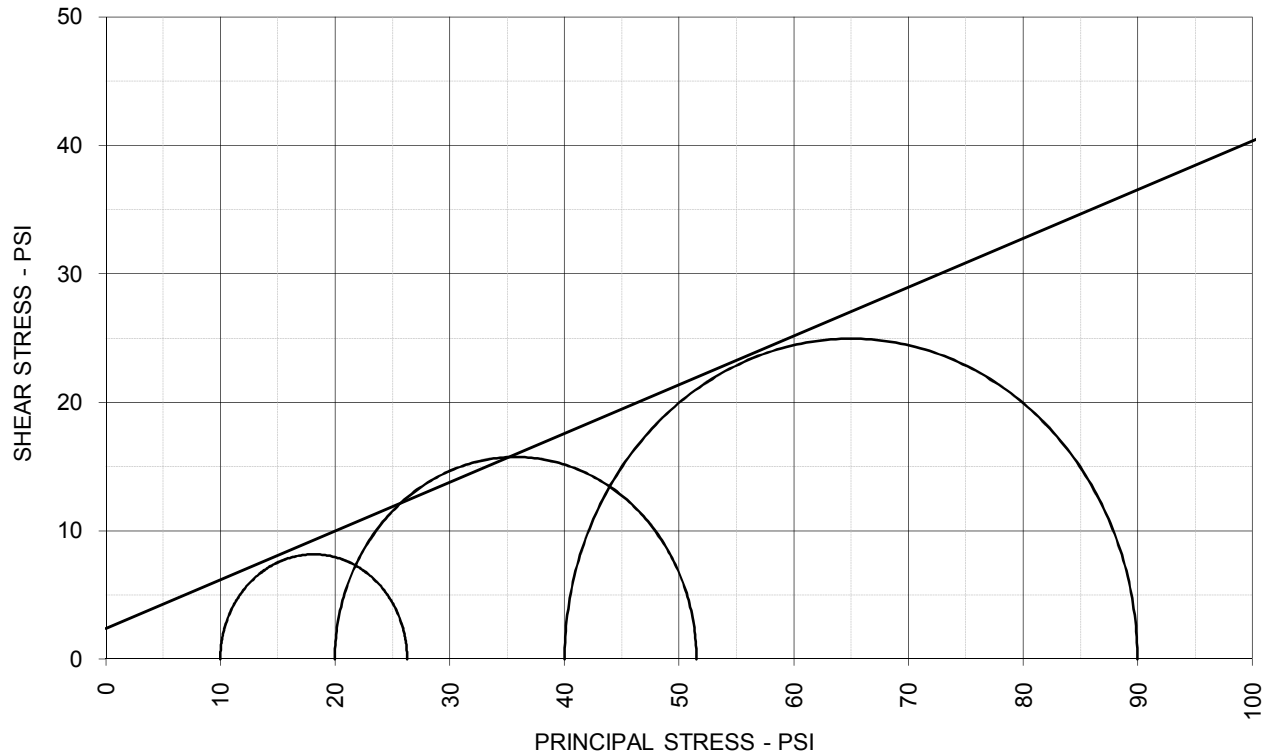
DESCRIPTION: Tan, Brown, Gray & Red Clayey Sand

ETTL ENGINEERS & CONSULTANTS

PLATE: B.2

G 3242-095, B-2 28'-30' Welsh

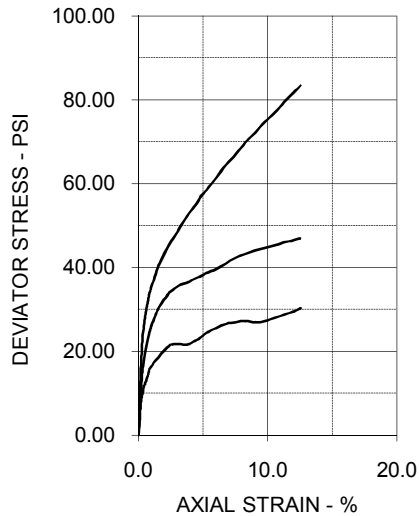
TRIAXIAL SHEAR TEST REPORT



TOTAL STRESS PARAMETERS

$\phi = 20.8 \text{ deg}$

$c = 2.4 \text{ psi}$



SPECIMEN NO.

1

2

3

4

INITIAL

Moisture Content - %

20.5

17.7

16.0

Dry Density - pcf

106.7

111.3

117.2

Diameter - inches

2.00

1.99

1.98

Height - inches

3.99

3.98

4.00

AT TEST

Final Moisture - %

27.8

18.6

16.3

Dry Density - pcf

106.8

112.4

118.7

Calculated Diameter (in.)

2.00

1.99

1.97

Height - inches

3.98

3.97

3.96

Effect. Cell Pressure - psi

10.0

20.0

40.0

Failure Stress - psi

16.30

31.51

49.94

Total Pore Pressure - psi

56.4

58.4

70.4

Strain Rate - inches/min.

0.00050

0.00050

0.00050

Failure Strain - %

1.0

1.8

3.3

σ_1 Failure - psi

26.30

51.51

89.94

σ_3 Failure - psi

10.00

20.00

40.00

TEST DESCRIPTION

TYPE OF TEST & NO: CU with PP

SAMPLE TYPE: Shelby Tube Sample

DESCRIPTION: Tan, Brown, Gray & Red Clayey Sand

Sampled on Site, B-2 28' to 30' deep

ASSUMED SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 2.7 + 40 Sieve

LL: PL: PI: Percent -200:

REMARKS: Diameter and Both Ends Trimmed + # 4 Sieve

PROJECT INFORMATION

PROJECT: AEP Welsh Power Plant Bottom Ash Ponds

LOCATION: Pittsburg, Texas

PROJECT NO: G 3242 - 095

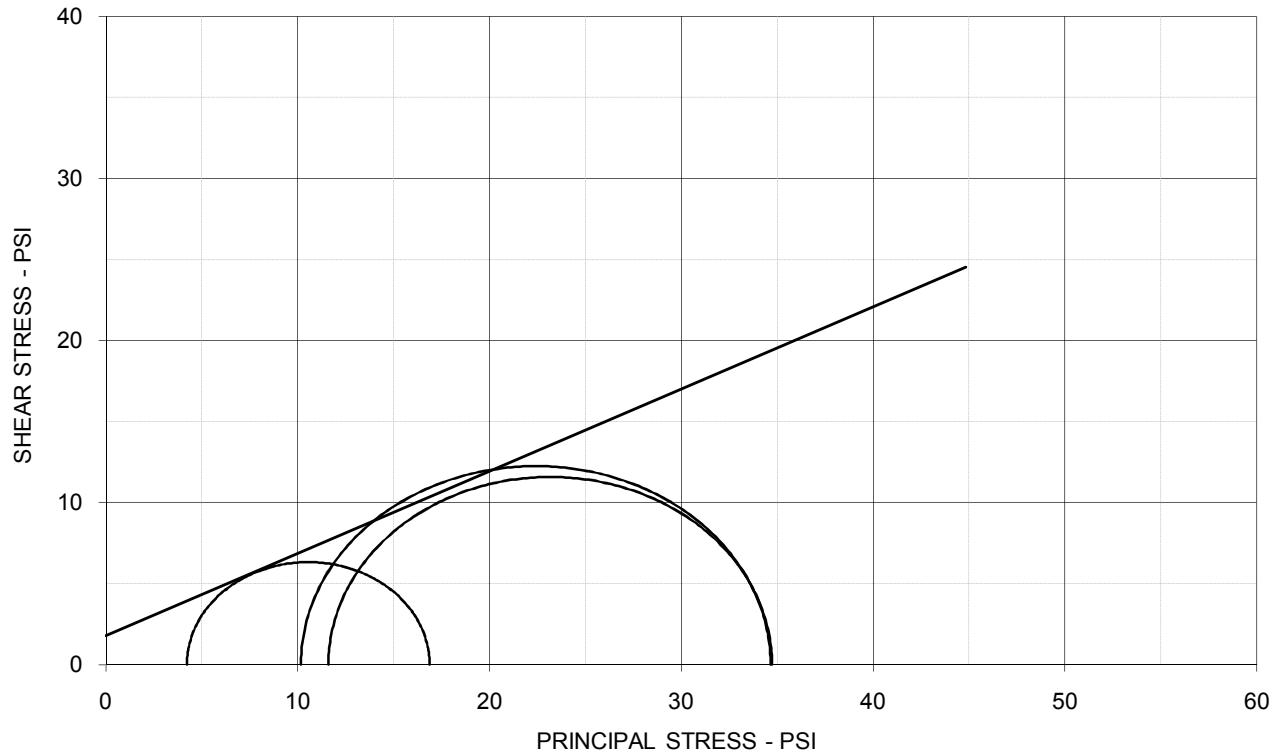
CLIENT:

December 2009

ETTL ENGINEERS & CONSULTANTS

PLATE: B.3

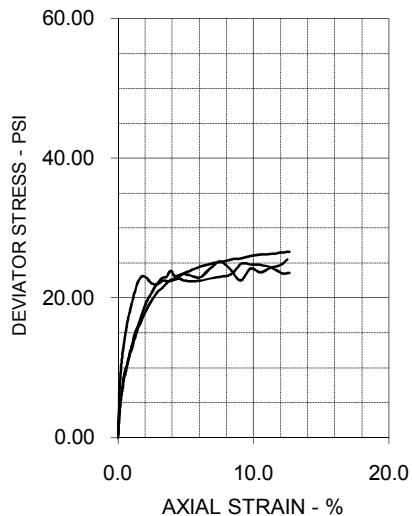
TRIAXIAL SHEAR TEST REPORT



EFFECTIVE STRESS PARAMETERS

$\phi' = 26.9 \text{ deg}$

$c' = 1.8 \text{ psi}$



SPECIMEN NO.

1

2

3

4

INITIAL

Moisture Content - %

24.0

23.2

20.1

Dry Density - pcf

98.6

102.2

104.5

Diameter - inches

2.01

2.02

2.00

Height - inches

3.97

4.01

4.01

AT TEST

Final Moisture - %

26.5

24.8

24.2

Dry Density - pcf

99.5

103.0

105.7

Calculated Diameter (in.)

2.01

2.02

2.00

Height - inches

3.99

4.01

4.03

Effect. Cell Pressure - psi

10.0

20.0

40.0

Failure Stress - psi

12.64

23.13

24.50

Total Pore Pressure - psi

55.7

58.4

79.8

Strain Rate - inches/min.

0.00050

0.00050

0.00050

Failure Strain - %

1.0

1.8

6.1

σ_1' Failure - psi

16.87

34.74

34.66

σ_3' Failure - psi

4.23

11.61

10.16

TEST DESCRIPTION

TYPE OF TEST & NO: CU with PP
 SAMPLE TYPE: Shelby Tube Sample
 DESCRIPTION: Gray, Brown & Tan Fat Clay w/ Ferric Seams
 Sampled on Site, B-5 8' to 10' deep
 ASSUMED SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 2.7 + 40 Sieve
 LL: PL: PI: Percent -200:
 REMARKS: Diameter and Both Ends Trimmed + # 4 Sieve
 G 3242-095, B-5 8' to 10' Welsh

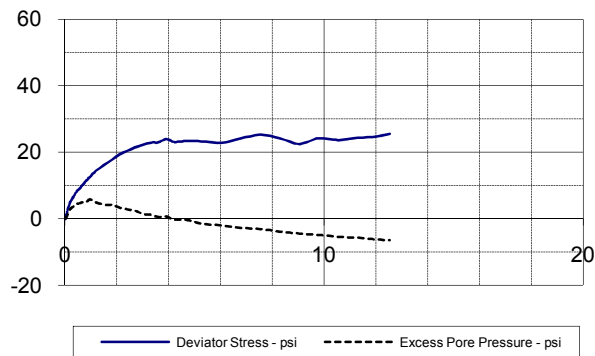
PROJECT INFORMATION

PROJECT: AEP Welsh Power Plant Bottom Ash Ponds
 LOCATION: Pittsburg, Texas
 PROJECT NO: G 3242 - 095
 CLIENT:
 December 2009

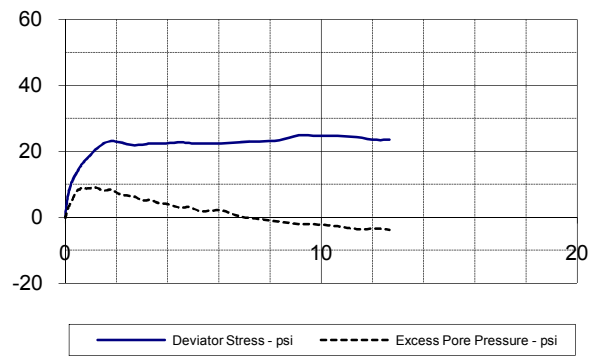
ETTL ENGINEERS & CONSULTANTS

PLATE: B.1

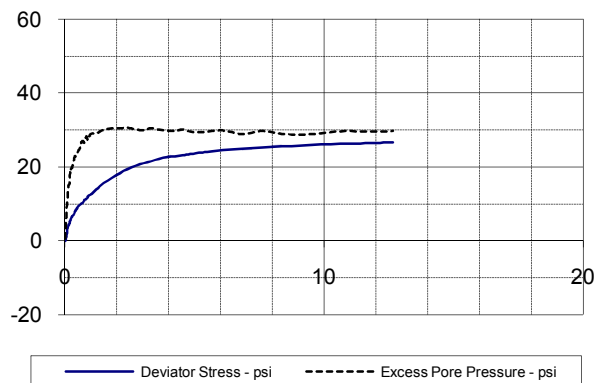
SPECIMEN NO. 1



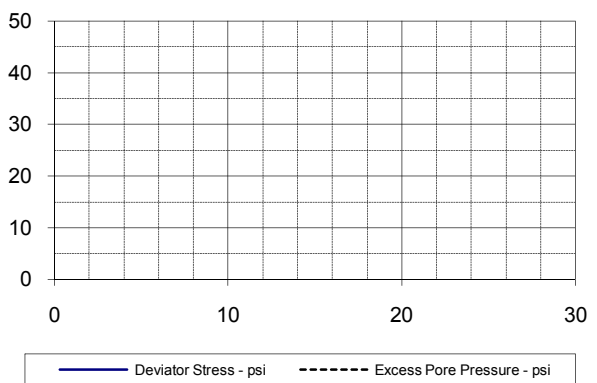
SPECIMEN NO. 2



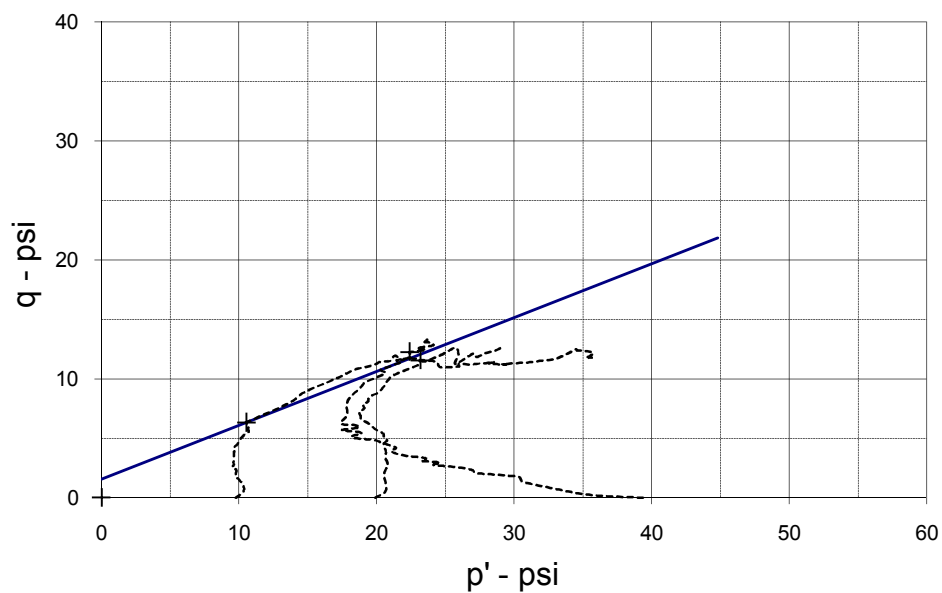
SPECIMEN NO. 3



SPECIMEN NO. 4



p - q DIAGRAM



EFFECTIVE STRESS PARAMETERS

 $R^2 = 0.97$ $\alpha \text{ (deg)} = 24.3$ $a \text{ (psi)} = 1.6$

PROJECT: AEP Welsh Power Plant Bottom Ash Ponds

TYPE OF TEST & NO: CU with PP

PROJECT NO: G 3242 - 095

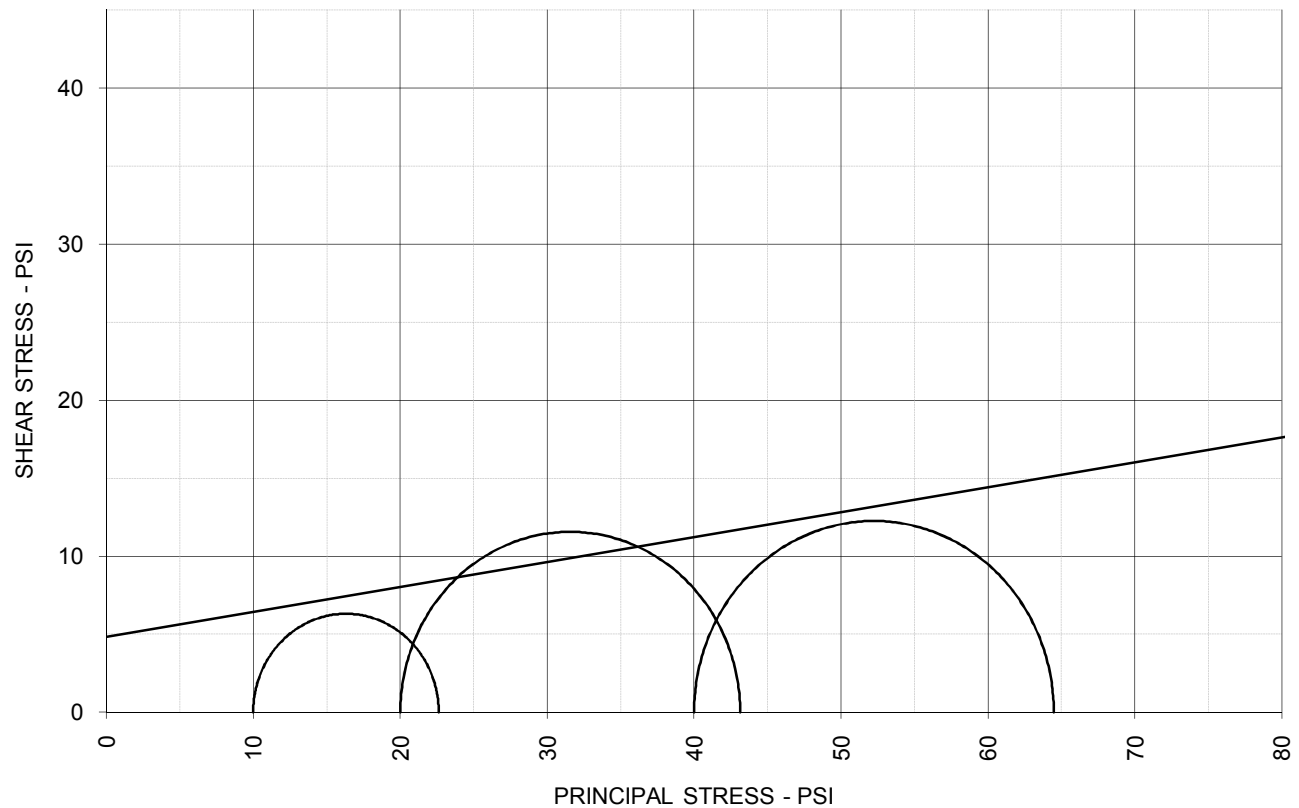
DESCRIPTION: Gray, Brown & Tan Fat Clay w/ Ferric Seams

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PLATE: B.2

G 3242-095, B-5 8'-10' Welsh

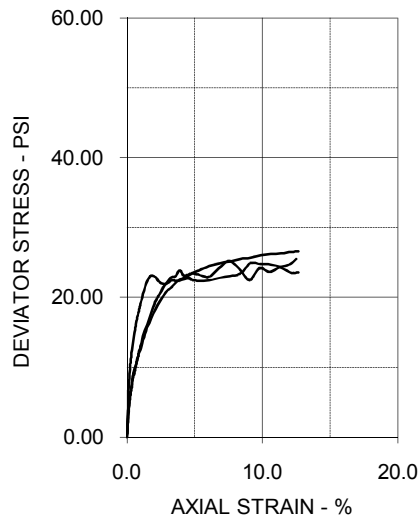
TRIAXIAL SHEAR TEST REPORT



TOTAL STRESS PARAMETERS

$\phi = 9.1 \text{ deg}$

$c = 4.9 \text{ psi}$



SPECIMEN NO.

1

2

3

4

INITIAL

Moisture Content - %

24.0

23.2

20.1

Dry Density - pcf

98.6

102.2

104.5

Diameter - inches

2.01

2.02

2.00

Height - inches

3.97

4.01

4.01

AT TEST

Final Moisture - %

26.5

24.8

24.2

Dry Density - pcf

99.5

103.0

105.7

Calculated Diameter (in.)

2.01

2.02

2.00

Height - inches

3.99

4.01

4.03

Effect. Cell Pressure - psi

10.0

20.0

40.0

Failure Stress - psi

12.64

23.13

24.50

Total Pore Pressure - psi

55.7

58.4

79.8

Strain Rate - inches/min.

0.00050

0.00050

0.00050

Failure Strain - %

1.0

1.8

6.1

σ_1 Failure - psi

22.64

43.13

64.50

σ_3 Failure - psi

10.00

20.00

40.00

TEST DESCRIPTION

TYPE OF TEST & NO: CU with PP

SAMPLE TYPE: Shelby Tube Sample

DESCRIPTION: Gray, Brown & Tan Fat Clay w/ Ferric Seams

Sampled on Site, B-5 8' to 10' deep

ASSUMED SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 2.7 + 40 Sieve

LL: PL: PI: Percent -200:

REMARKS: Diameter and Both Ends Trimmed + # 4 Sieve

PROJECT INFORMATION

PROJECT: AEP Welsh Power Plant Bottom Ash Ponds

LOCATION: Pittsburg, Texas

PROJECT NO: G 3242 - 095

CLIENT:

December 2009

ETTL ENGINEERS & CONSULTANTS

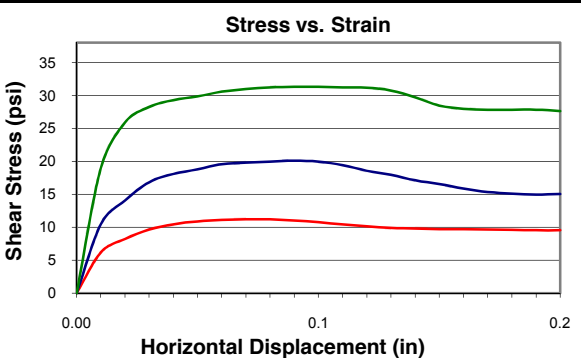
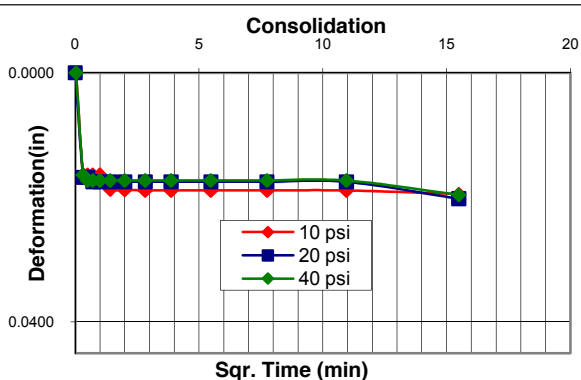
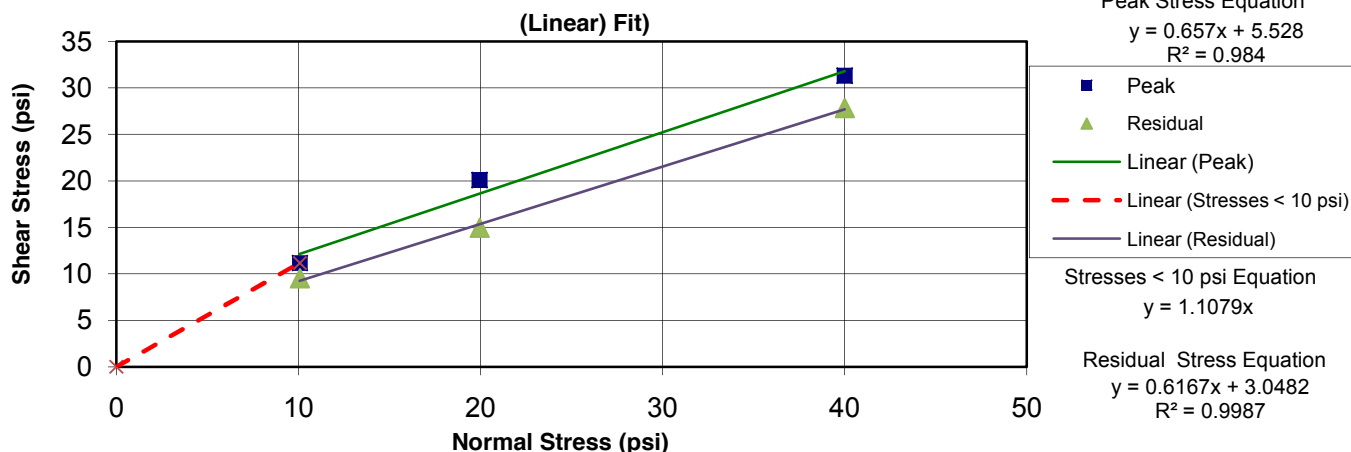
PLATE: B.3



ETTL Engineers & Consultants Inc.

GEOTECHNICAL * MATERIALS * ENVIRONMENTAL * DRILLING * LANDFILLS

ASTM 3080 Direct Shear Test Report



Peak Strength Parameters

	Peak		Residual	
Friction Angle	33.3		31.63	
	(deg)		(deg)	
Cohesion	5.53	796.0	3.05	438.9
	(psi)	(psf)	(psi)	(psf)
Friction Angle Stresses < 10psi			47.91	(deg)
Specimen Number		1	2	3
Initial				
Moisture Content - %		22.5%	23.5%	23.2%
Dry Density- lb/ft³		103.8	100.3	101.8
Height-inches		1.008	1.008	1.008
Diameter- inches		2.50	2.50	2.50
Final				
Moisture Content - %		23.1%	25.4%	23.5%
Dry Density- lb/ft³		103.8	100.9	102.0
Height after shear-(inches)		1.009	1.006	1.006
Height after consolidation (inches)		0.989	0.988	0.988
Normal Stress-(psi)		10	20	40
Peak Failure Stress-(psi)		11.17	20.09	31.31
Residual Failure Stress-(psi)		9.52	14.96	27.84
Strain Rate - (inches/min)		0.0033	0.0033	0.0033

Project Information

Project : Client: Material Origin: Material Description:		Welsh power Plant Embankments AEP , TX Dark Red Silty Sand		LL	PL	PI
Job No: G 3241-095		Technician: Owen Sanderson		-	-	NP
Boring No: B-6		Sample Type: Shelby Tube		-200%		
Depth: 28'-31'		Sampling method: Shelby Tube		18		
Date: November 24, 2009		Testing Device: Soiltest B-124BY 2.5 in. round		Remarks		
				When Calculating stresses < 10 psi: use appropriate Equation above (assuming no Cohesion)		

C. Brandon Quinn, P.E.



ETTL Engineers & Consultants Inc.

GEOTECHNICAL * MATERIALS * ENVIRONMENTAL * DRILLING * LANDFILLS

HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY DETERMINATION FLEXIBLE WALL PERMEAMETER - CONSTANT VOLUME (Mercury Permometer Test)

Project :	AEP Welsh Power Plant Bottom Ash Ponds: Pittsburg, Texas							
Date:	12/28/2009	Panel Number : P-3 ; ASTM D 5084						
Project No. :	G 3242-095	Permometer Data						
Boring No.:	B-2	$a_p =$	0.031416 cm ²	Set Mercury to Pipet Rp at beginning	Equilibrium	1.7	cm ³	
Sample:		$a_a =$	0.767120 cm ²		Pipet Rp	6.7	cm ³	
Depth (ft):	13'-15'	$M_1 =$	0.030180	C =	0.000444308	Annulus Ra	1.5	cm ³
Other Location:		$M_2 =$	1.040953	T =	0.201660671			
Material Description :	Red & Tan Sandy Lean Clay							

SAMPLE DATA

Wet Wt. sample + ring or tare :	602.32 g	Before Test		After Test	
Tare or ring Wt. :	0.0 g	Tare No.:	T-16	Tare No.:	T-1
Wet Wt. of Sample :	602.32 g	Wet Wt.+tare:	292.51	Wet Wt.+tare:	746.56
Diameter :	2.73 in	Dry Wt.+tare:	276.22	Dry Wt.+tare:	683.49
Length :	2.76 in	Tare Wt:	151.95	Tare Wt:	217.27
Area:	5.87 in ²	Dry Wt.:	124.27	Dry Wt.:	466.22
Volume :	16.21 in ³	Water Wt.:	16.29	Water Wt.:	63.07
Unit Wt.(wet):	141.45 pcf	% moist.:	13.1	% moist.:	13.5
Unit Wt.(dry):	125.06 pcf				

Assumed Specific Gravity:	2.65	Max Dry Density(pcf) =	125.1105	OMC =	13.108554
		% of max =	100.0	+/- OMC =	0.00
Calculated % saturation:	111.02	Void ratio (e) =	0.32	Porosity (n)=	0.24

TEST READINGS

Z ₁ (Mercury Height Difference @ t ₁):		5.2	cm	Hydraulic Gradient =		9.26		
Date	elapsed t	Z	ΔZp	temp	α	k	k	Reset = *
	(seconds)	(pipet @ t)	(cm)	(deg C)	(temp corr)	(cm/sec)	(ft./day)	
12/28/2009	1680	6	0.6588251	23.5	0.920	3.47E-08	9.84E-05	
12/28/2009	2280	5.9	0.7588251	23.5	0.920	2.98E-08	8.44E-05	
12/28/2009	3180	5.7	0.9588251	23.5	0.920	2.76E-08	7.83E-05	
12/28/2009	4140	5.55	1.1088251	23.5	0.920	2.50E-08	7.09E-05	

SUMMARY

$k_a =$	2.93E-08 cm/sec	Acceptance criteria =	25 %
k_i		V_m	
$k_1 =$	3.47E-08 cm/sec	18.5 %	$V_m = \frac{k_a - k_i}{k_a} \times 100$
$k_2 =$	2.98E-08 cm/sec	1.7 %	
$k_3 =$	2.76E-08 cm/sec	5.6 %	
$k_4 =$	2.50E-08 cm/sec	14.6 %	

Hydraulic conductivity	k =	2.93E-08 cm/sec	8.30E-05 ft/day
Void Ratio	e =	0.32	
Porosity	n =	0.24	
Bulk Density	$\gamma =$	2.27 g/cm ³	141.5 pcf
Water Content	W =	0.26 cm ³ /cm ³	(at 20 deg C)
Intrinsic Permeability	$k_{int} =$	3.00E-13 cm ²	(at 20 deg C)

Robert Duke, P.E.



ETTL Engineers & Consultants Inc.

GEOTECHNICAL * MATERIALS * ENVIRONMENTAL * DRILLING * LANDFILLS

HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY DETERMINATION FLEXIBLE WALL PERMEAMETER - CONSTANT VOLUME (Mercury Permometer Test)

Project :	AEP Welsh Power Plant Bottom Ash Ponds: Pittsburg, Texas				
Date:	12/28/2009	Panel Number : P-3 ; ASTM D 5084			
Project No. :	G 3242-095	Permometer Data			
Boring No.:	B-2	$a_p =$	0.031416 cm ²	Set Mercury to Pipet Rp at beginning	Equilibrium Pipet Rp
Sample:		$a_a =$	0.767120 cm ²		1.7 cm ³
Depth (ft):	33'-35'	$M_1 =$	0.030180	C = 0.000433922	Annulus Ra
Other Location:		$M_2 =$	1.040953	T = 0.201660671	1.5 cm ³
Material Description :	Red & Tan Clayey Sand				

SAMPLE DATA

Wet Wt. sample + ring or tare :	553.04 g	Before Test		After Test	
Tare or ring Wt. :	0.0 g	Tare No.:	T-21	Tare No.:	T-13
Wet Wt. of Sample :	553.04 g	Wet Wt.+tare:	553.04	Wet Wt.+tare:	784.01
Diameter :	2.76 in	Dry Wt.+tare:	464.50	Dry Wt.+tare:	684.19
Length :	2.75 in	Tare Wt:	0.00	Tare Wt:	219.69
Area:	5.97 in ²	Dry Wt.:	464.5	Dry Wt.:	464.5
Volume :	16.42 in ³	Water Wt.:	88.54	Water Wt.:	99.82
Unit Wt.(wet):	128.23 pcf	% moist.:	19.1	% moist.:	21.5
Unit Wt.(dry):	107.70 pcf				

Assumed Specific Gravity:	2.73	Max Dry Density(pcf) =	107.7462	OMC =	19.0613563
		% of max =	100.0	+/- OMC =	0.00
Calculated % saturation:	100.72	Void ratio (e) =	0.58	Porosity (n)=	0.37

TEST READINGS

Z₁(Mercury Height Difference @ t₁): 5.2 cm Hydraulic Gradient = 9.31

Date	elapsed t (seconds)	Z (pipet @ t)	ΔZp (cm)	temp (deg C)	α (temp corr)	k (cm/sec)	k (ft./day)	Reset = *
12/28/2009	1580	5.4	1.2588251	23.5	0.920	7.40E-08	2.10E-04	
12/28/2009	2310	5	1.6588251	23.5	0.920	7.04E-08	2.00E-04	
12/28/2009	2535	4.9	1.7588251	23.5	0.920	6.90E-08	1.96E-04	
12/28/2009	2775	4.8	1.8588251	23.5	0.920	6.76E-08	1.92E-04	

SUMMARY

k _a =	7.03E-08 cm/sec	Acceptance criteria =	25 %
k _i			
k ₁ =	7.40E-08 cm/sec	V _m	
k ₂ =	7.04E-08 cm/sec	%	V _m = $\frac{k_a - k_i}{k_a} \times 100$
k ₃ =	6.90E-08 cm/sec	%	
k ₄ =	6.76E-08 cm/sec	%	

Hydraulic conductivity	k =	7.03E-08 cm/sec	1.99E-04 ft/day
Void Ratio	e =	0.58	
Porosity	n =	0.37	
Bulk Density	γ =	2.05 g/cm ³	128.2 pcf
Water Content	W =	0.33 cm ³ /cm ³	(at 20 deg C)
Intrinsic Permeability	k _{int} =	7.20E-13 cm ²	(at 20 deg C)

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HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY DETERMINATION FLEXIBLE WALL PERMEAMETER - CONSTANT VOLUME (Mercury Permometer Test)

Project :	AEP Welsh Power Plant Bottom Ash Ponds: Pittsburg, Texas				
Date:	12/28/2009	Panel Number : P-3 ; ASTM D 5084			
Project No. :	G 3242-095	Permometer Data			
Boring No.:	B-3	$a_p = 0.031416 \text{ cm}^2$	Set Mercury to Pipet Rp at beginning	Equilibrium	1.7 cm^3
Sample:		$a_a = 0.767120 \text{ cm}^2$		Pipet Rp	6.7 cm^3
Depth (ft):	8'-10'	$M_1 = 0.030180$	$C = 0.000431052$	Annulus Ra	1.5 cm^3
Other Location:		$M_2 = 1.040953$	$T = 0.201660671$		
Material Description :	Red & Tan Fat Clay				

SAMPLE DATA

Wet Wt. sample + ring or tare :	559.11 g	Before Test		After Test	
Tare or ring Wt. :	0.0 g	Tare No.:	T-23	Tare No.:	T-3
Wet Wt. of Sample :	559.11 g	Wet Wt.+tare:	166.09	Wet Wt.+tare:	783.53
Diameter :	2.75 in	Dry Wt.+tare:	162.69	Dry Wt.+tare:	700.67
Length :	2.72 in	Tare Wt.:	140.30	Tare Wt.:	220.71
Area:	5.94 in ²	Dry Wt.:	22.39	Dry Wt.:	479.96
Volume :	16.13 in ³	Water Wt.:	3.4	Water Wt.:	82.86
Unit Wt.(wet):	132.02 pcf	% moist.:	15.2	% moist.:	17.3
Unit Wt.(dry):	114.62 pcf				

Assumed Specific Gravity:	2.68	Max Dry Density(pcf) =	114.6685	OMC =	15.1853506
		% of max =	100.0	+/- OMC =	0.00
Calculated % saturation:	100.64	Void ratio (e) =	0.46	Porosity (n)=	0.31

TEST READINGS

Z_1 (Mercury Height Difference @ t_1): 5.2 cm Hydraulic Gradient = 9.43

Date	elapsed t (seconds)	Z (pipet @ t)	ΔZ_p (cm)	temp (deg C)	α (temp corr)	k (cm/sec)	k (ft./day)	Reset = *
12/28/2009	1476	5.4	1.258825	23.5	0.920	7.87E-08	2.23E-04	
12/28/2009	2205	5	1.658825	23.5	0.920	7.33E-08	2.08E-04	
12/28/2009	2370	4.9	1.758825	23.5	0.920	7.33E-08	2.08E-04	
12/28/2009	2580	4.8	1.858825	23.5	0.920	7.22E-08	2.05E-04	

SUMMARY

$k_a =$	7.44E-08 cm/sec	Acceptance criteria =	25 %
$\frac{k_i}{k_1} =$		$V_m =$	$\frac{ k_a - k_i }{k_a} \times 100$
$k_1 =$	7.87E-08 cm/sec	5.8 %	
$k_2 =$	7.33E-08 cm/sec	1.5 %	
$k_3 =$	7.33E-08 cm/sec	1.4 %	
$k_4 =$	7.22E-08 cm/sec	2.9 %	

Hydraulic conductivity	k =	7.44E-08 cm/sec	2.11E-04 ft/day
Void Ratio	e =	0.46	
Porosity	n =	0.31	
Bulk Density	$\gamma =$	2.12 g/cm ³	132.0 pcf
Water Content	W =	0.28 cm ³ /cm ³	(at 20 deg C)
Intrinsic Permeability	$k_{int} =$	7.62E-13 cm ²	(at 20 deg C)

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HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY DETERMINATION FLEXIBLE WALL PERMEAMETER - CONSTANT VOLUME (Mercury Permometer Test)

Project :	AEP Welsh Power Plant Bottom Ash Ponds: Pittsburg, Texas				
Date:	12/28/2009	Panel Number : P-3 ; ASTM D 5084			
Project No. :	G 3242-095	Permometer Data			
Boring No.:	B-4	$a_p = 0.031416 \text{ cm}^2$	Set Mercury to Pipet Rp at beginning	Equilibrium	1.7 cm^3
Sample:		$a_a = 0.767120 \text{ cm}^2$		Pipet Rp	6.7 cm^3
Depth (ft):	8'-10'	$M_1 = 0.030180$	$C = 0.000429664$	Annulus Ra	1.5 cm^3
Other Location:		$M_2 = 1.040953$	$T = 0.201660671$		
Material Description :	Dark Brown Sandy Lean Clay				

SAMPLE DATA

Wet Wt. sample + ring or tare :	531.96 g	Before Test		After Test	
Tare or ring Wt. :	0.0 g	Tare No.:	T-24	Tare No.:	T-6
Wet Wt. of Sample :	531.96 g	Wet Wt.+tare:	230.01	Wet Wt.+tare:	759.40
Diameter :	2.76 in	Dry Wt.+tare:	207.52	Dry Wt.+tare:	648.84
Length :	2.72 in	Tare Wt:	112.35	Tare Wt:	217.34
Area:	5.98 in^2	Dry Wt.:	95.17	Dry Wt.:	431.5
Volume :	16.29 in^3	Water Wt.:	22.49	Water Wt.:	110.56
Unit Wt.(wet):	124.38 pcf	% moist.:	23.6	% moist.:	25.6
Unit Wt.(dry):	100.61 pcf				

Assumed Specific Gravity:	2.72	Max Dry Density(pcf) =	100.6512	OMC =	23.6313964
		% of max =	100.0	+/- OMC =	0.00
Calculated % saturation:	101.32	Void ratio (e) =	0.69	Porosity (n)=	0.41

TEST READINGS

Z ₁ (Mercury Height Difference @ t ₁):		5.2	cm	Hydraulic Gradient =		9.40		
Date	elapsed t	Z	ΔZp	temp	α	k	k	Reset = *
	(seconds)	(pipet @ t)	(cm.)	(deg C)	(temp corr)	(cm/sec)	(ft./day)	
12/28/2009	2280	6.1	0.558825	23.5	0.920	2.07E-08	5.88E-05	
12/28/2009	2940	6	0.658825	23.5	0.920	1.92E-08	5.44E-05	
12/28/2009	3660	5.9	0.758825	23.5	0.920	1.79E-08	5.09E-05	
12/28/2009	4200	5.84	0.818825	23.5	0.920	1.70E-08	4.82E-05	

SUMMARY

$k_a =$	1.87E-08 cm/sec	Acceptance criteria =	25 %
$\frac{k_i}{k_1} =$		$V_m =$	$\frac{ k_a - k_i }{k_a} \times 100$
$k_1 =$	2.07E-08 cm/sec	10.8 %	
$k_2 =$	1.92E-08 cm/sec	2.5 %	
$k_3 =$	1.79E-08 cm/sec	4.1 %	
$k_4 =$	1.70E-08 cm/sec	9.2 %	

Hydraulic conductivity	k =	1.87E-08 cm/sec	5.30E-05 ft/day
Void Ratio	e =	0.69	
Porosity	n =	0.41	
Bulk Density	$\gamma =$	1.99 g/cm^3	124.4 pcf
Water Content	W =	0.38 cm^3/cm^3	(at 20 deg C)
Intrinsic Permeability	$k_{int} =$	1.92E-13 cm^2	(at 20 deg C)

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HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY DETERMINATION FLEXIBLE WALL PERMEAMETER - CONSTANT VOLUME (Mercury Permometer Test)

Project :	AEP Welsh Power Plant Bottom Ash Ponds: Pittsburg, Texas						
Date:	12/28/2009	Panel Number : P-3 ; ASTM D 5084					
Project No. :	G 3242-095	Permometer Data					
Boring No.:	B-5	$a_p =$	0.031416 cm ²	Set Mercury to Pipet Rp at beginning	Equilibrium Pipet Rp	1.7	cm ³
Sample:		$a_a =$	0.767120 cm ²			6.7	cm ³
Depth (ft):	23'-25'	$M_1 =$	0.030180			C = 0.00043565	Annulus Ra
Other Location:		$M_2 =$	1.040953	T = 0.201660671			
Material Description :	Orangish Tan Fat Clay						

SAMPLE DATA

Wet Wt. sample + ring or tare :	532.37 g	Before Test		After Test	
Tare or ring Wt. :	0.0 g	Tare No.:	T-25	Tare No.:	T-9
Wet Wt. of Sample :	532.37 g	Wet Wt.+tare:	532.37	Wet Wt.+tare:	765.78
Diameter :	2.74 in	Dry Wt.+tare:	441.00	Dry Wt.+tare:	661.51
Length :	2.73 in	Tare Wt:	0.00	Tare Wt:	220.51
Area:	5.91 in ²	Dry Wt.:	441	Dry Wt.:	441
Volume :	16.16 in ³	Water Wt.:	91.37	Water Wt.:	104.27
Unit Wt.(wet):	125.48 pcf	% moist.:	20.7	% moist.:	23.6
Unit Wt.(dry):	103.94 pcf				

Assumed Specific Gravity:	2.72	Max Dry Density(pcf) =	103.9846	OMC =	20.7188209
		% of max =	100.0	+/- OMC =	0.00
Calculated % saturation:	101.48	Void ratio (e) =	0.63	Porosity (n)=	0.39

TEST READINGS

Z_1 (Mercury Height Difference @ t_1): 5.2 cm Hydraulic Gradient = 9.37

Date	elapsed t (seconds)	Z (pipet @ t)	ΔZ_p (cm)	temp (deg C)	α (temp corr)	k (cm/sec)	k (ft./day)	Reset = *
12/28/2009	212	5.5	1.158825	23.5	0.920	5.03E-07	1.43E-03	
12/28/2009	237	5.4	1.258825	23.5	0.920	4.95E-07	1.40E-03	
12/28/2009	259	5.3	1.358825	23.5	0.920	4.96E-07	1.41E-03	
12/28/2009	289	5.2	1.458825	23.5	0.920	4.83E-07	1.37E-03	

SUMMARY

$k_a =$	4.95E-07 cm/sec	Acceptance criteria =	25 %
k_i			
$k_1 =$	5.03E-07 cm/sec	$V_m =$	$\frac{k_a - k_i}{k_a} \times 100$
$k_2 =$	4.95E-07 cm/sec		
$k_3 =$	4.96E-07 cm/sec		
$k_4 =$	4.83E-07 cm/sec		

Hydraulic conductivity	k =	4.95E-07 cm/sec	1.40E-03 ft/day
Void Ratio	e =	0.63	
Porosity	n =	0.39	
Bulk Density	$\gamma =$	2.01 g/cm ³	125.5 pcf
Water Content	W =	0.35 cm ³ /cm ³	(at 20 deg C)
Intrinsic Permeability	$k_{int} =$	5.07E-12 cm ²	(at 20 deg C)

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HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY DETERMINATION FLEXIBLE WALL PERMEAMETER - CONSTANT VOLUME (Mercury Permometer Test)

Project :	AEP Welsh Power Plant Bottom Ash Ponds: Pittsburg, Texas									
Date:	12/28/2009			Panel Number : P-3 ; ASTM D 5084						
Project No. :	G 3242-095			Permometer Data						
Boring No.:	B-6		a _p = 0.031416 cm ²		<div>Set Mercury to Pipet Rp at beginning</div>		Equilibrium		1.7 cm ³	
Sample:			a _a = 0.767120 cm ²				Pipet Rp		6.7 cm ³	
Depth (ft):	28'-30'		M ₁ = 0.030180		C = 0.000408156		Annulus Ra		1.5 cm ³	
Other Location:			M ₂ = 1.040953		T = 0.201660671					
Material Description :	Gray Silty Sand									

SAMPLE DATA

Wet Wt. sample + ring or tare :	457.40	g			Before Test		After Test	
Tare or ring Wt. :	0.0	g			Tare No.:	T-5	Tare No.:	T-10
Wet Wt. of Sample :	457.40	g			Wet Wt.+tare:	355.86	Wet Wt.+tare:	661.49
Diameter :	2.69	in	6.83	cm ²	Dry Wt.+tare:	328.36	Dry Wt.+tare:	581.76
Length :	2.46	in	6.24	cm	Tare Wt:	218.80	Tare Wt:	221.13
Area:	5.68	in ²	36.64	cm ²	Dry Wt.:	109.56	Dry Wt.:	360.63
Volume :	13.96	in ³	228.75	cm ³	Water Wt.:	27.5	Water Wt.:	79.73
Unit Wt.(wet):	124.77	pcf	2.00	g/cm ³	% moist.:	25.1	% moist.:	22.1
Unit Wt.(dry):	99.74	pcf	1.60	g/cm ³				

Assumed Specific Gravity:	2.55	Max Dry Density(pcf) =	99.78226	OMC =	25.1004016
		% of max =	100.0	+/- OMC =	0.00
Calculated % saturation:	94.57	Void ratio (e) =	0.60	Porosity (n)=	0.37

TEST READINGS

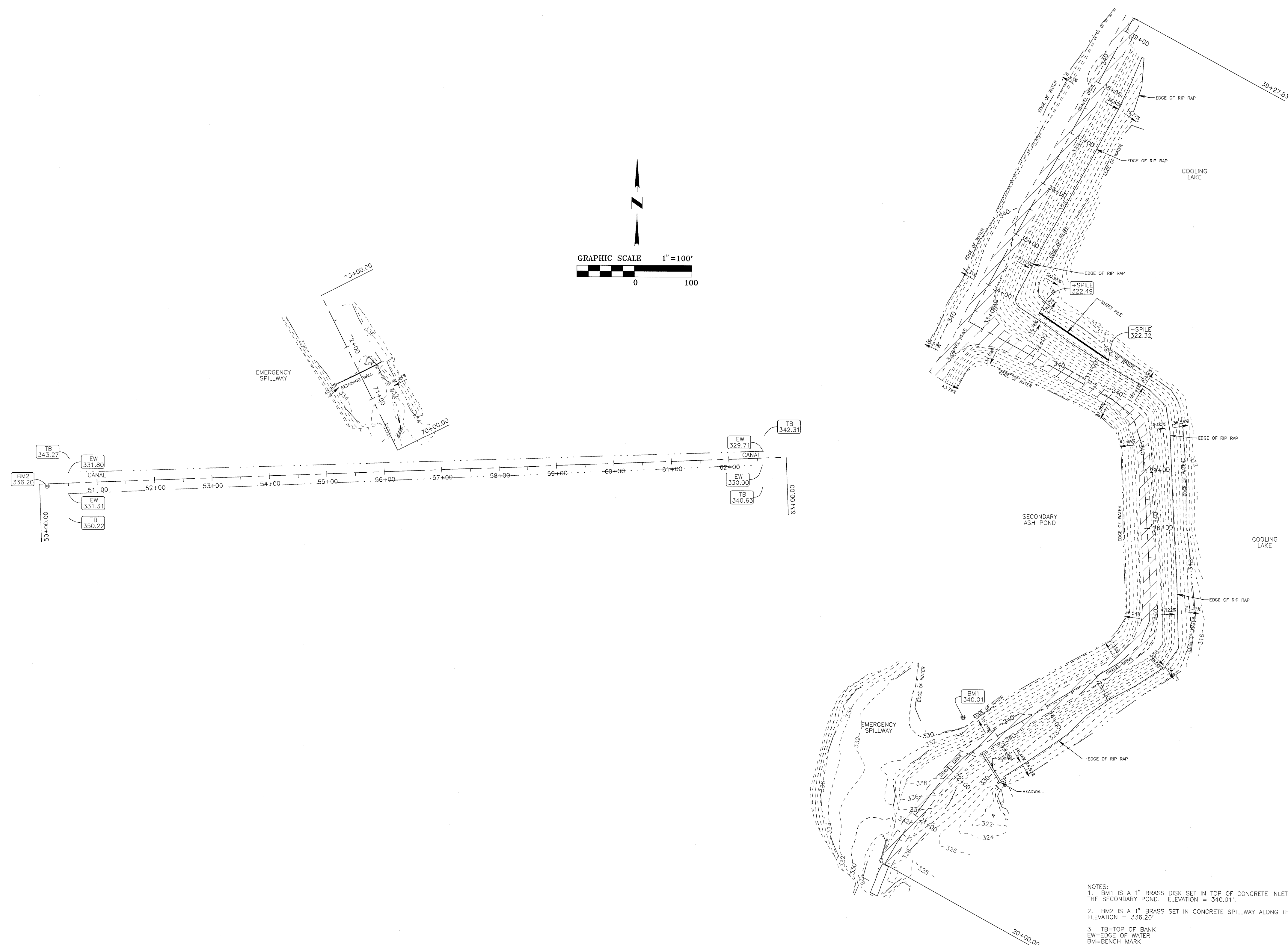
Z_1 (Mercury Height Difference @ t_1):	5.2	cm	Hydraulic Gradient =		10.42			
Date	elapsed t (seconds)	Z (pipet @ t)	ΔZ_p (cm)	temp (deg C)	α (temp corr)	k (cm/sec)	k (ft./day)	Reset = *
12/28/2009	7	4	2.658825	23.5	0.920	4.12E-05	1.17E-01	
12/28/2009	9	3.5	3.158825	23.5	0.920	4.23E-05	1.20E-01	
12/28/2009	11	3	3.658825	23.5	0.920	4.57E-05	1.30E-01	
12/28/2009	16	2.5	4.158825	23.5	0.920	4.28E-05	1.21E-01	

SUMMARY

$k_a =$	4.30E-05 cm/sec	Acceptance criteria =	25 %		
k_i		V_m			
$k_1 =$	4.12E-05 cm/sec	4.2	%	$V_m =$	$\frac{ k_a - k_i }{k_a} \times 100$
$k_2 =$	4.23E-05 cm/sec	1.7	%		
$k_3 =$	4.57E-05 cm/sec	6.3	%		
$k_4 =$	4.28E-05 cm/sec	0.4	%		

Hydraulic conductivity	k =	4.30E-05	cm/sec	1.22E-01	ft/day
Void Ratio	e =	0.60			
Porosity	n =	0.37			
Bulk Density	$\gamma =$	2.00	g/cm ³	124.8	pcf
Water Content	W =	0.40	cm ³ /cm ³	(at 20 deg C)	
Intrinsic Permeability	$k_{int} =$	4.41E-10	cm ²	(at 20 deg C)	

Robert Duke, P.E.



NOTES:

1. BM1 IS A 1" BRASS DISK SET IN TOP OF CONCRETE INLET BOX FOR THE SECONDARY POND. ELEVATION = 340.01'.
2. BM2 IS A 1" BRASS SET IN CONCRETE SPILLWAY ALONG THE CANAL. ELEVATION = 336.20'
3. TB=TOP OF BANK
EW=EDGE OF WATER
BM=BENCH MARK
4. CONTOURS ARE 2.0' APART.
5. LAKE ELEVATION PER WELSH POWER PLANT ON NOVEMBER 18, 2010 WAS 317.57 FEET MSL.

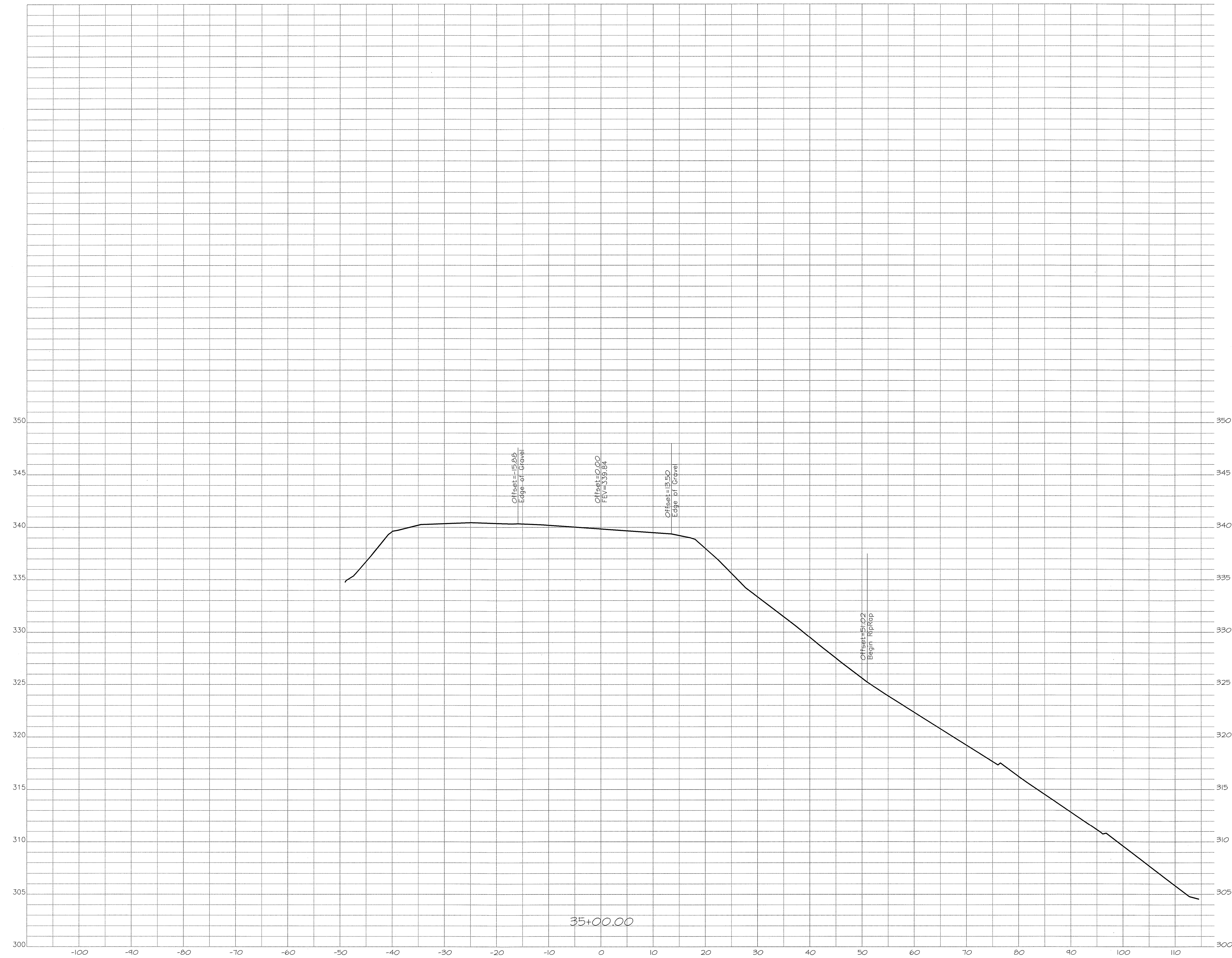


DIKE'S AT WELSH POWER PLANT
FOR: GREG CARTER

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HORIZONTAL SCALE - 1"=10'
VERTICAL SCALE - 1"=5'



SURVEYOR CERTIFICATE:

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY
WAS MADE ON THE GROUND UNDER MY SUPERVISION ON
NOVEMBER 18, 2010, THAT THIS PLAT (MAP OR DRAWING)
REPRESENTS THE FACTS FOUND AT THE TIME.

Mike Gardner
MIKE GARDNER
REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR
NO. 5760, STATE OF TEXAS
FIRM CERTIFICATE NO. 1010111-00
DATE: NOVEMBER 23, 2010
REVISED: DECEMBER 6, 2010



**CROSS SECTIONS
ASH POND BERM**

DIKE'S AT WELSH POWER PLANT
FOR: GREG CARTER

Date	Revision/Description

Drawn By J.B.D.	Checked By M.G.	Project No. 104021	Dwg. Date 12/6/2010
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File No. Sheet No. **5**